

# 2015 STAR ICVS Instrument Performance Review

## ATMS/AMSU/MHS Anomaly Report

Ninghai Sun

NOAA/NESDIS/STAR

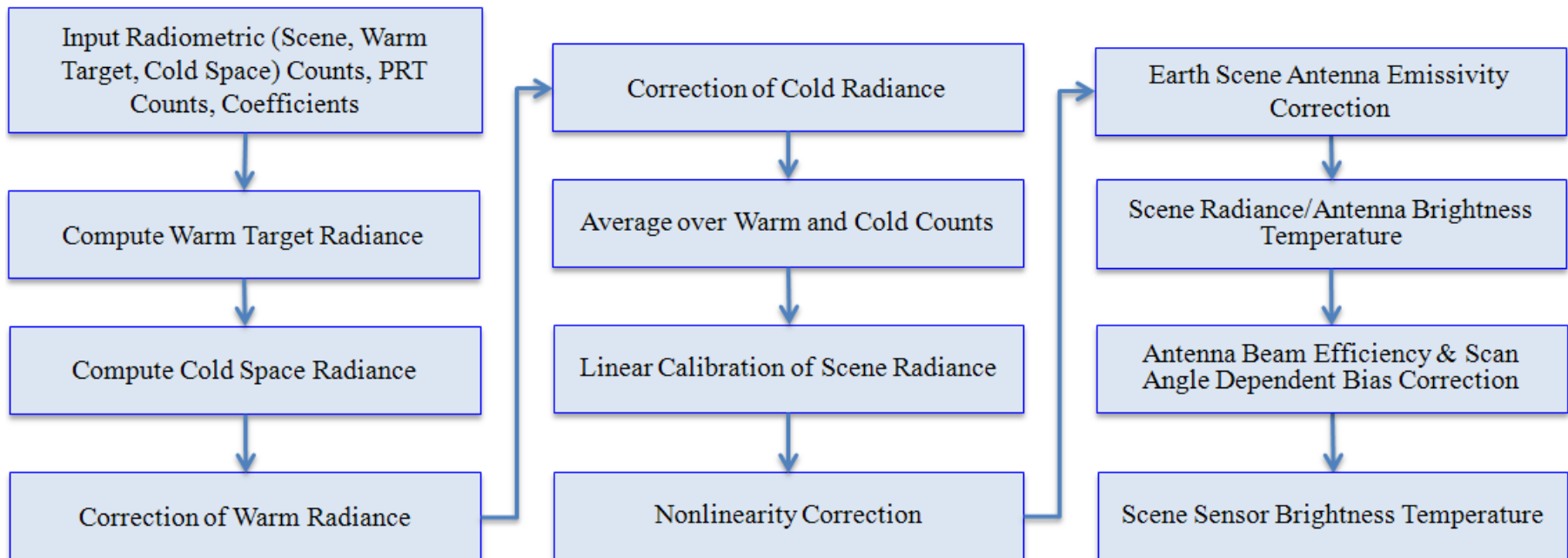


# Microwave Instrument Calibration Procedure

## Microwave Remote Sensing Two-Point Calibration Equation

$$T_b = T_b^w + \frac{C^s - \overline{C^w}}{\overline{C^w} - C^c} (T_b^w - T_b^c) + Q$$

- $T_b^w$  Hot Load PRT Temperature
- $T_b^c$  Cosmic Background Temperature
- $C^s$  Earth Scene Count
- $\overline{C^w}$  Averaged Hot Load Count
- $C^c$  Average Cold Space View Count
- $Q$  Non-linearity Correction Term





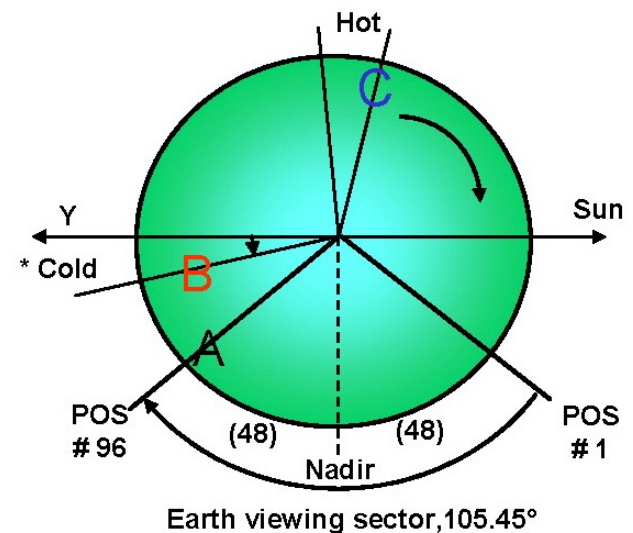
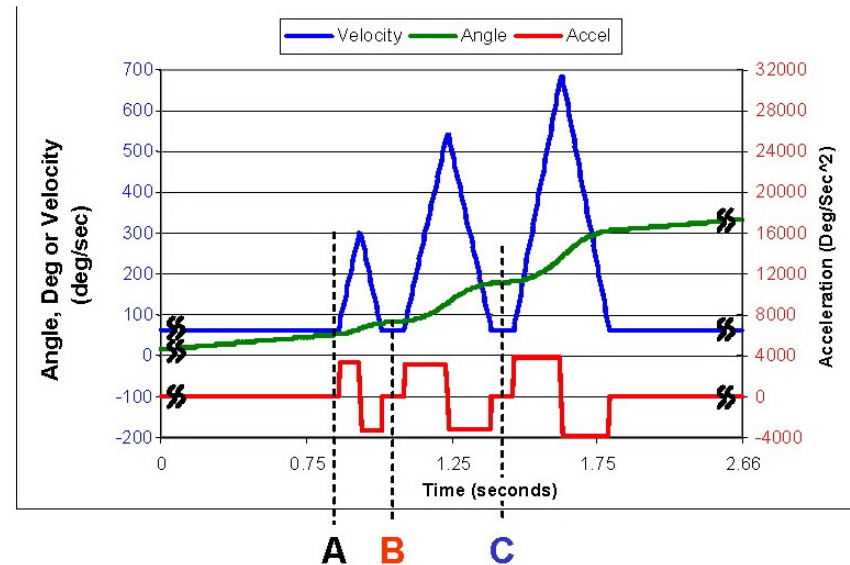
# Microwave Instrument LTM Parameters

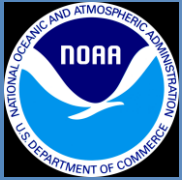


Parameters	Descriptions	Dimensions	Usage
Channel NE $\Delta$ T	Noise equivalent differential temperature	by channels	sensitivity trending
Warm Count	Blackbody warm target count	by channels	Onboard calibration target trending
Space view Count	Space view cold target count	by channels	Onboard calibration target trending
Channel Gain	Calibration gains for each channel	by channels	Calibration trending
Warm load PRT Temperature	Blackbody platinum resistance thermometer (PRT) temperature	by readings	Stability trending
Instrument Temperatures	Mixer/IF Amplifier, Local oscillator, RF MUX, RF shelf, Scan motor, Feedhorn temperature, etc.	as provided	Instrument health status
Instrument Health Status Telemetry	Antenna drive motor current, Signal processing voltage, Phase lock loop voltage, LO voltage, PLL0 voltage, etc.	as provided	Instrument health status
Data Product Quality Flags	Granule level, scan level, pixel level quality flags	as provided	Data health status
Bias Characterization	Observations v.s. RTM simulations	by channels	Data quality status

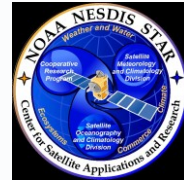
## Advanced Technology Microwave Sounder (ATMS)

- Multi-channel microwave radiometer
- For temperature profiling, water vapor profiling, snow and ice coverage, cloud liquid water, rain rate, and other surface product retrieval
- Scan rate: 8/3 Seconds
- Scan type: Continuous
- Sample pixel size per scan: 96
- Integration time: 18 msec
- Instantaneous FOV beamwidth: 5.2 °(K/Ka), 2.2°(V), 1.1°(W/G)
- Footprint size at nadir: 74.8 km (K/Ka), 31.6 km (V), 15.8 km (W/G)
- Max scan angle:  $\pm 52.7^\circ$
- Swath: 2503 km





# Introduction to ATMS Instrument

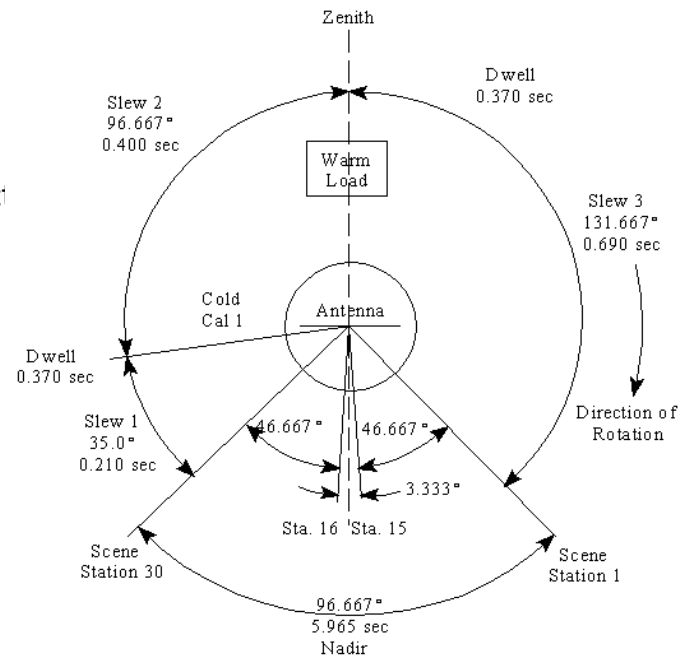


Channel	Channel Center Freq. (MHz)	Polarization	Bandwidth Max. (MHz)	Frequency Stability (MHz)	Calibration Accuracy (K)	Nonlinearity Max. (K)	NEΔT (K)	3-dB Bandwidth (deg)	Channel	Channel Center Freq. (MHz)	Polarization	Bandwidth Max. (MHz)	Frequency Stability (MHz)	Calibration Accuracy (K)	Nonlinearity Max. (K)	NEΔT (K)	3-dB Bandwidth (deg)
1	23800	QV	270	10	1.0	0.3	0.5	5.2	12	$f_0 \pm 322.2 \pm 48$	QH	36	1.2	0.75	0.4	1.0	2.2
2	31400	QV	180	10	1.0	0.4	0.6	5.2	13	$f_0 \pm 322.2 \pm 22$	QH	16	1.6	0.75	0.4	1.5	2.2
3	50300	QH	180	10	0.75	0.4	0.7	2.2	14	$f_0 \pm 322.2 \pm 10$	QH	8	0.5	0.75	0.4	2.2	2.2
4	51760	QH	400	5	0.75	0.4	0.5	2.2	15	$f_0 \pm 322.2 \pm 4.5$	QH	3	0.5	0.75	0.4	3.6	2.2
5	52800	QH	400	5	0.75	0.4	0.5	2.2	16	88200	QV	2000	200	1.0	0.4	0.3	2.2
6	$53596 \pm 115$	QH	170	5	0.75	0.4	0.5	2.2	17	165500	QH	3000	200	1.0	0.4	0.6	1.1
7	54400	QH	400	5	0.75	0.4	0.5	2.2	18	$183310 \pm 7000$	QH	2000	30	1.0	0.4	0.8	1.1
8	54940	QH	400	10	0.75	0.4	0.5	2.2	19	$183310 \pm 4500$	QH	2000	30	1.0	0.4	0.8	1.1
9	55500	QH	330	10	0.75	0.4	0.5	2.2	20	$183310 \pm 3000$	QH	1000	30	1.0	0.4	0.8	1.1
10	$57290.344(f_0)$	QH	330	0.5	0.75	0.4	0.75	2.2	21	$183310 \pm 1800$	QH	1000	30	1.0	0.4	0.8	1.1
11	$f_0 \pm 217$	QH	78	0.5	0.75	0.4	1.0	2.2	22	$183310 \pm 1000$	QH	500	30	1.0	0.4	0.9	1.1

# Introduction to AMSU-A Instrument

## Advanced Microwave Sounding Unit (AMSU)

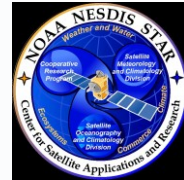
- Multi-channel microwave radiometer
- For temperature profiling, water vapor profiling, snow and ice coverage, cloud liquid water, rain rate, and other surface product retrieval
- Scan rate: 8 Seconds
- Scan type: Stop and stare
- Sample pixel size per scan: 30
- Integration time: 165 msec (A1) and 158 msec (A2)
- Instantaneous FOV beamwidth:  $3.3^\circ$
- Footprint size: 48 km at nadir
- Max scan angle:  $\pm 48.33^\circ$
- Swath: 2072 km



Spacecraft	Launch Date	Current Operational Status
NOAA-19	02/06/2009	PM Primary
NOAA-18	05/20/2005	PM Secondary
NOAA-15	05/13/1998	AM Secondary
METOP-B	04/24/2013	AM Primary
METOP-A	05/21/2007	AM Backup



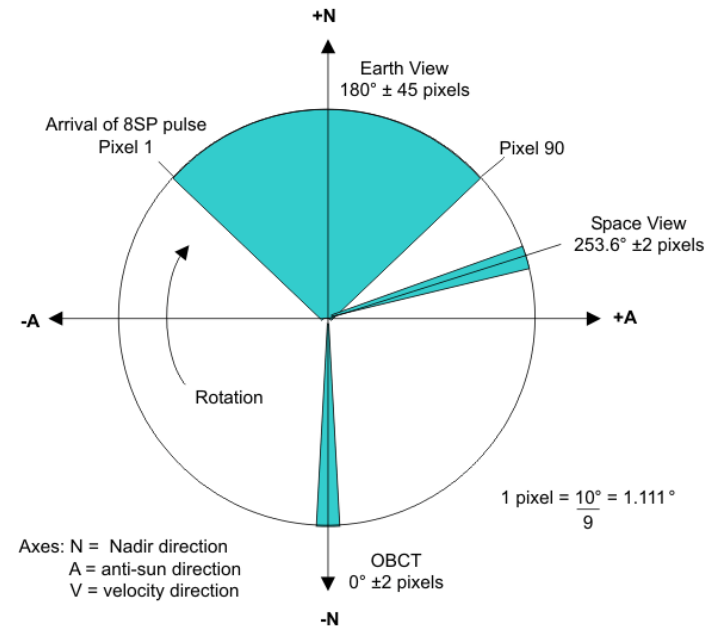
# Introduction to AMSU-A Instrument



Ch.	Central Freq. (MHz)	# Bands	Nominal Bandwidth (MHz)	Nominal Beamwidth (degree)	Central Frequency Stability (MHz)	Temperature Sensivity (K) NEAT	Calibration Accuracy (K)	Polarization at nadir	Component
1	23800	1	270	3.3	10	0.3	2.0	V	A2
2	31400	1	180	3.3	10	0.3	2.0	V	A2
3	50300	1	180	3.3	10	0.4	1.5	V	A1-2
4	52800	1	400	3.3	5	0.25	1.5	V	A1-2
5	53596±115	2	170	3.3	5	0.25	1.5	H	A1-2
6	54400	1	400	3.3	5	0.25	1.5	H	A1-1
7	54940	1	400	3.3	5	0.25	1.5	V	A1-1
8	55500	1	330	3.3	10	0.25	1.5	H	A1-2
9	57290.344	1	330	3.3	0.5	0.25	1.5	H	A1-1
10	57290.344±217	2	78	3.3	0.5	0.4	1.5	H	A1-1
11	57290.344±322.2±48	4	36	3.3	1.2	0.4	1.5	H	A1-1
12	57290.344±322.2±22	4	16	3.3	1.2	0.6	1.5	H	A1-1
13	57290.344±322.2±10	4	8	3.3	0.5	0.80	1.5	H	A1-1
14	57290.344±322.2±4.5	4	3	3.3	0.5	1.20	1.5	H	A1-1
15	89000	1	<6000	3.3	50	0.5	2.0	V	A1-1

## Microwave Humidity Sounder (MHS)

- Multi-channel microwave radiometer
- Scan rate: 8/3 Seconds
- Scan type: Continuous
- Sample pixel size per scan: 90
- Integration time: 18 msec
- Instantaneous FOV beamwidth: 1.1°
- Footprint size: 16 km at nadir
- Max scan angle: ±48.44°
- Swath: 2198 km



Ch.	Central Freq. (MHz)	# Bands	Nominal Bandwidth (MHz)	Nominal Beamwidth (degree)	Temperature Sensivity (K) NEΔT	Polarization at nadir
1	89000	1	2800	1.1	1.0	V
2	157000	1	2800	1.1	1.0	V
3	183311±1000	2	2 x 500	1.1	1.0	H
4	183311±3000	2	2 x 1000	1.1	1.0	H
5	190311	1	2200	1.1	1.0	V



# Microwave Instrument NEΔT Algorithm

Current operational NEΔT calculation method,

$$NE\Delta T_{ch} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{NM} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^M \left( \frac{C_{ch}^w(i, j) - \overline{C_{ch}^w(i)}}{\overline{G_{ch}}(i)} \right)^2}$$

where  $C_{ch}^w$  represents the warm count readings at each scan,  $\overline{G_{ch}}$  is the averaged calibration gain.

By using overlapping Allan deviation, NEΔT can be calculated via

$$NE\Delta T_{ch}^{Allan}(M, m) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2m^2(M - 2m + 1)} \sum_{i=1}^{M-2m+1} \sum_{k=i}^{i+m-1} \left[ \frac{C_{ch}^w(k + m) - C_{ch}^w(k)}{\overline{G_{ch}}} \right]^2}$$

when  $m = 1$ , NEΔT can be calculated using neighborhood Allan deviation

$$NE\Delta T_{ch}^{Allan} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2(M - 1)} \sum_{i=1}^{M-1} \left[ \frac{C_{ch}^w(i + 1) - C_{ch}^w(i)}{\overline{G_{ch}}} \right]^2}$$



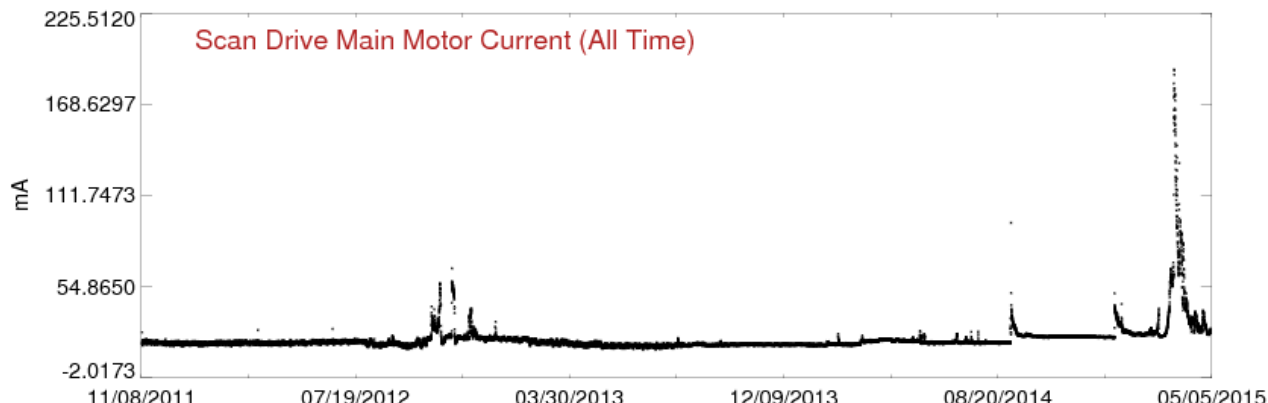
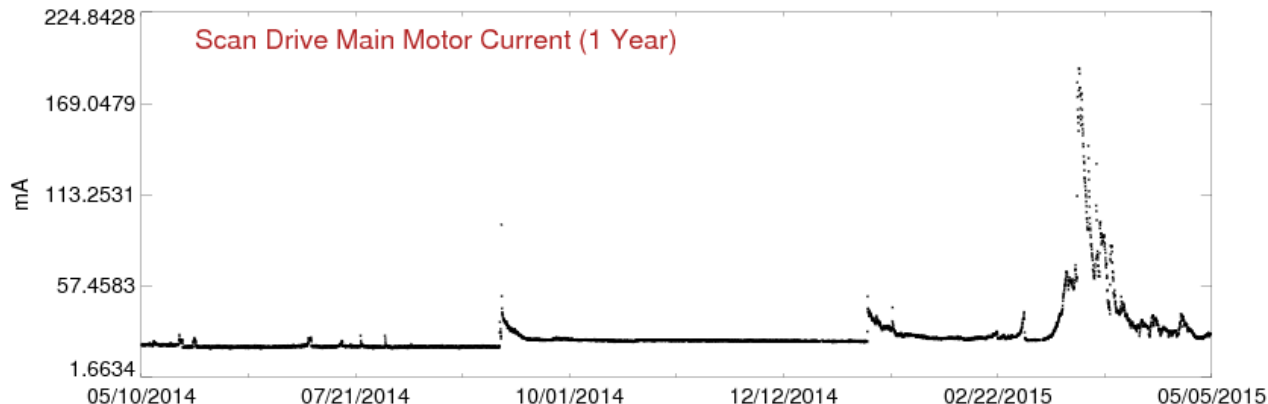
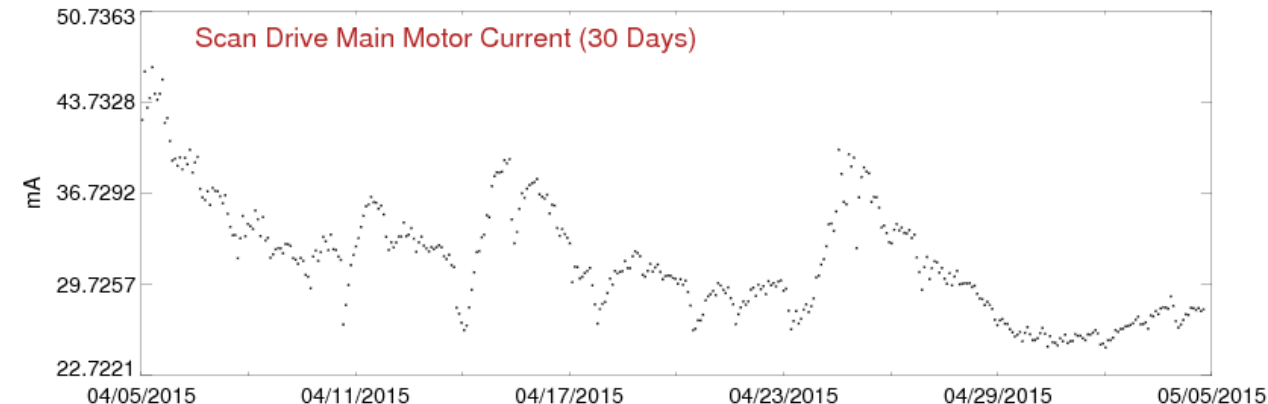
# On-orbit ATMS NEΔT



Channel	Channel Center Freq.(MHz)	NEΔT Spec. (K)	On-orbit NEΔT (K)	Channel	Channel Center Freq.(MHz)	NEΔT Spec. (K)	On-orbit NEΔT (K)
1	23800	0.5	0.13	12	$f_0 \pm 322.2 \pm 48$	1.0	0.29
2	31400	0.6	0.18	13	$f_0 \pm 322.2 \pm 22$	1.5	0.43
3	50300	0.7	0.20	14	$f_0 \pm 322.2 \pm 10$	2.2	0.58
4	51760	0.5	0.19	15	$f_0 \pm 322.2 \pm 4.5$	3.6	0.92
5	52800	0.5	0.16	16	88200	0.3	0.20
6	$53596 \pm 115$	0.5	0.17	17	165500	0.6	0.26
7	54400	0.5	0.15	18	$183310 \pm 7000$	0.8	0.23
8	54940	0.5	0.16	19	$183310 \pm 4500$	0.8	0.29
9	55500	0.5	0.17	20	$183310 \pm 3000$	0.8	0.33
10	$57290.344(f_0)$	0.75	0.23	21	$183310 \pm 1800$	0.8	0.37
11	$f_0 \pm 217$	1.0	0.29	22	$183310 \pm 1000$	0.9	0.45



# S-NPP ATMS SD Main Motor Current Anomaly



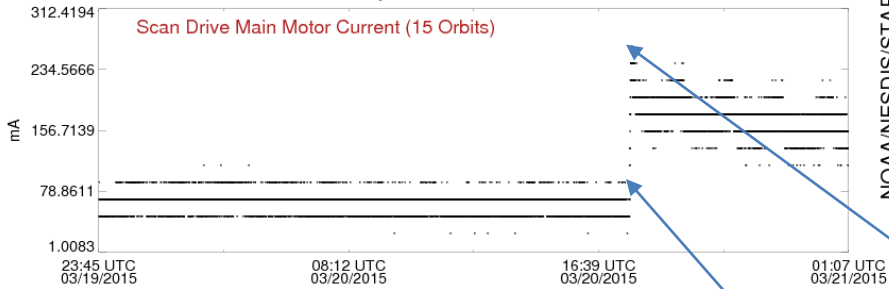


# S-NPP ATMS SD Main Motor Current Anomaly



### Suomi NPP ATMS Scan Drive Main Motor Current (MAIN\_MOTOR\_CUR)

Daily Status on 03/20/2015

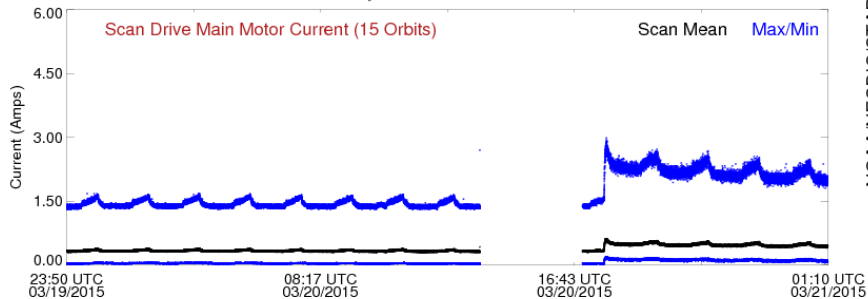


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- #17573 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 66.90 mA, Orbital Max = 90.29 mA
- #17574 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 67.51 mA, Orbital Max = 90.29 mA
- #17575 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 70.09 mA, Orbital Max = 112.07 mA
- #17576 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 67.44 mA, Orbital Max = 112.07 mA
- #17577 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 64.61 mA, Orbital Max = 90.29 mA
- #17578 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 63.07 mA, Orbital Max = 90.29 mA
- #17579 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 62.31 mA, Orbital Max = 90.29 mA
- #17580 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 60.49 mA, Orbital Max = 90.29 mA
- #17581 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 62.53 mA, Orbital Max = 90.29 mA
- #17582 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 62.36 mA, Orbital Max = 90.29 mA
- #17583 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 112.39 mA, Orbital Max = 264.51 mA**
- #17584 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 181.91 mA, Orbital Max = 242.73 mA
- #17585 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 173.13 mA, Orbital Max = 220.96 mA
- #17586 (2015-03-20), Orbital Mean = 165.28 mA, Orbital Max = 220.96 mA
- #17587 (2015-03-21), Orbital Mean = 160.82 mA, Orbital Max = 220.96 mA

### S-NPP ATMS Dwell - Scan Drive Main Motor Current (MAIN\_MOTOR\_CUR)

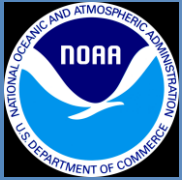
Daily Status on 03/20/2015



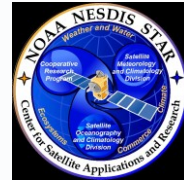
NOAA/NESDIS/STAR

**Maximum at Orbit #17583, 17:47:32**

**Starting from Orbit #17583, 17:42:51**



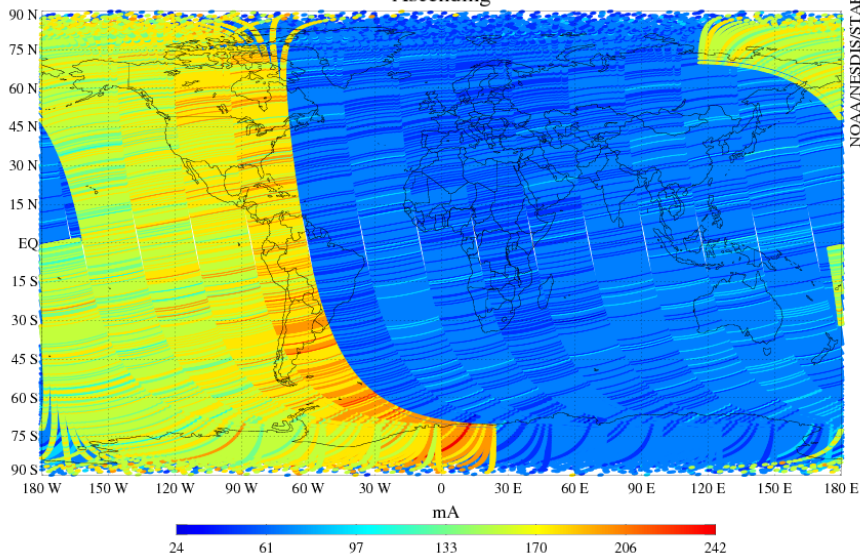
# S-NPP ATMS SD Main Motor Current Global Distribution



### S-NPP ATMS Scan Drive Main Motor Current

Daily Status on 03/20/2015

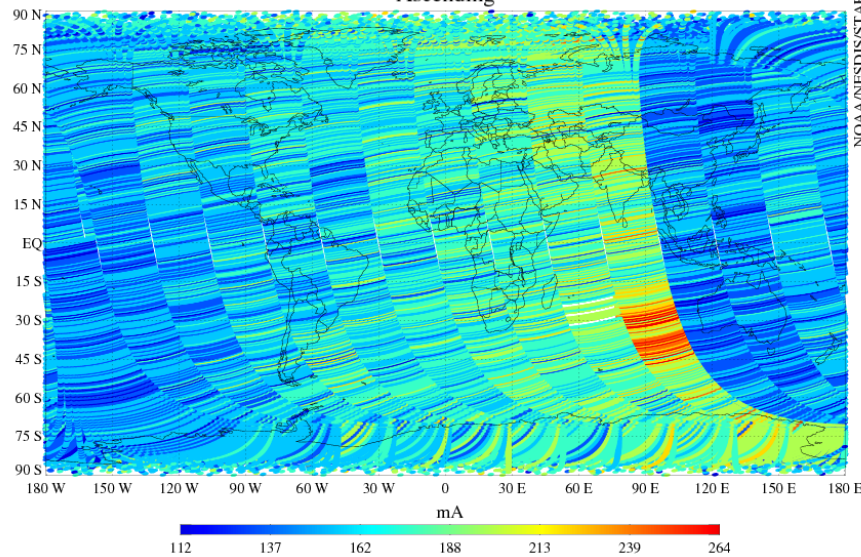
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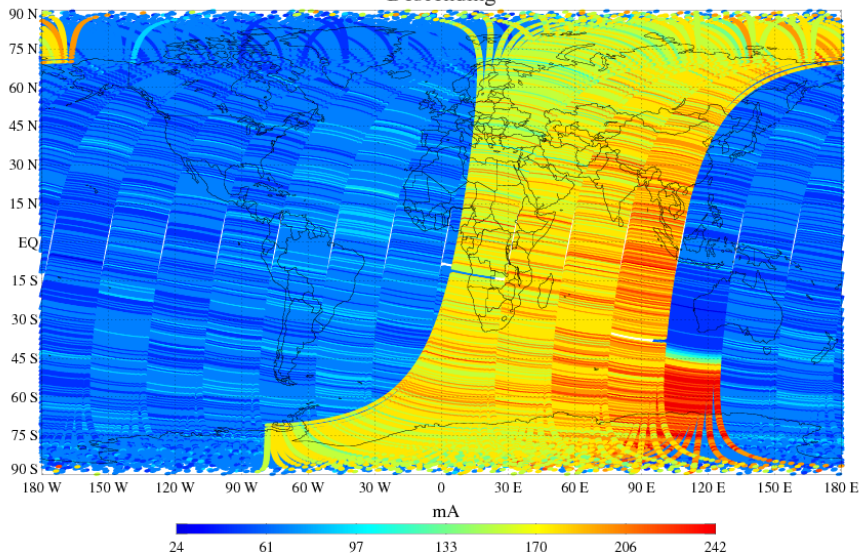
### S-NPP ATMS Scan Drive Main Motor Current

Daily Status on 03/21/2015

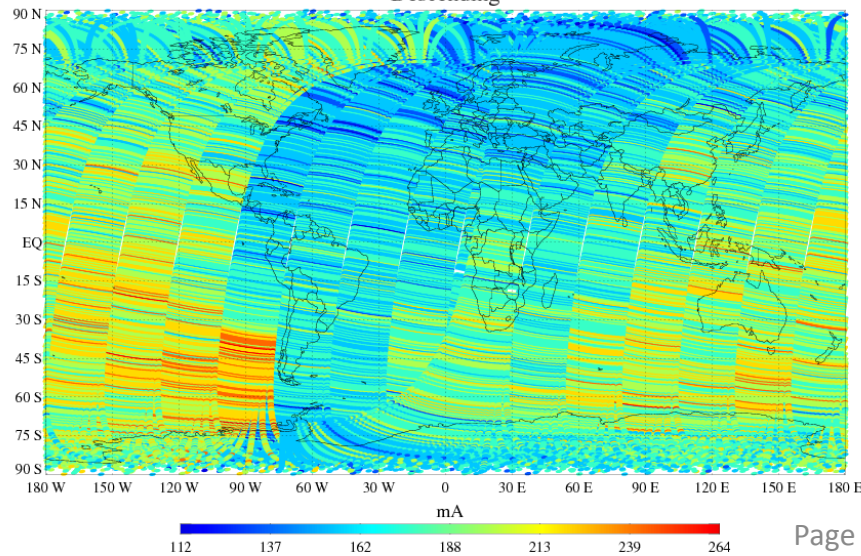
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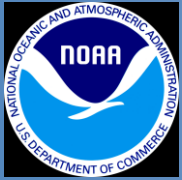


Descending



Descending





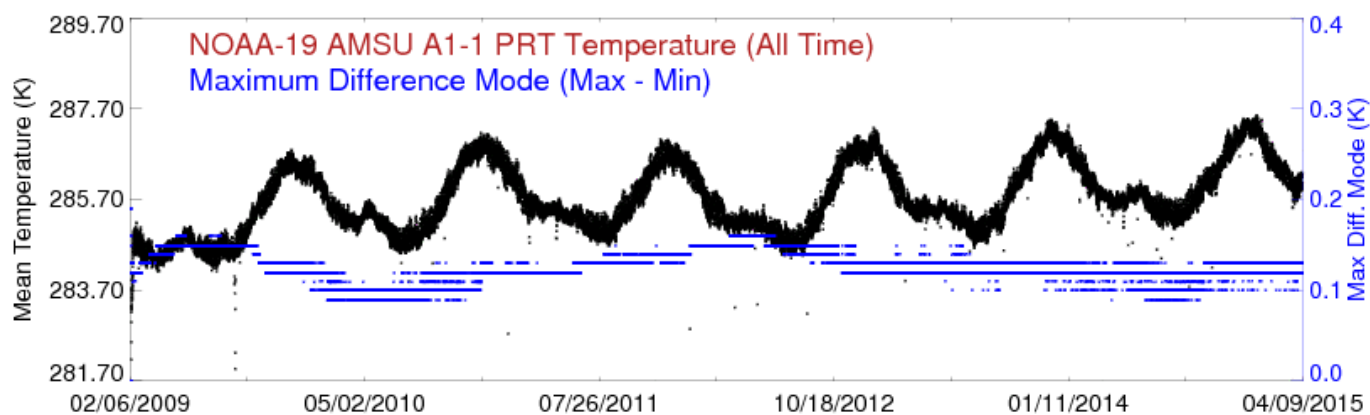
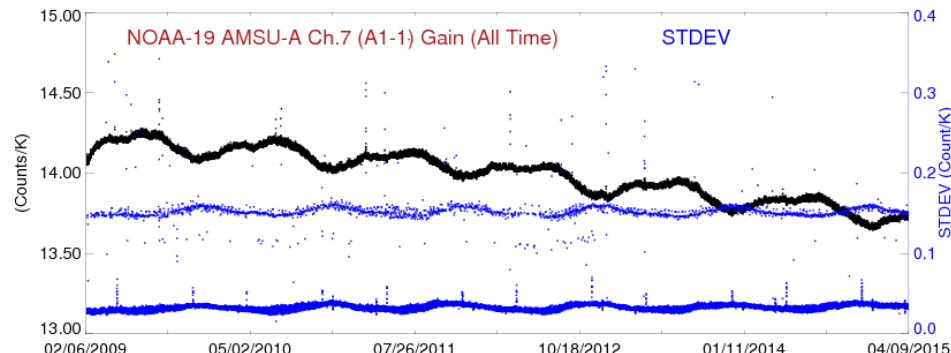
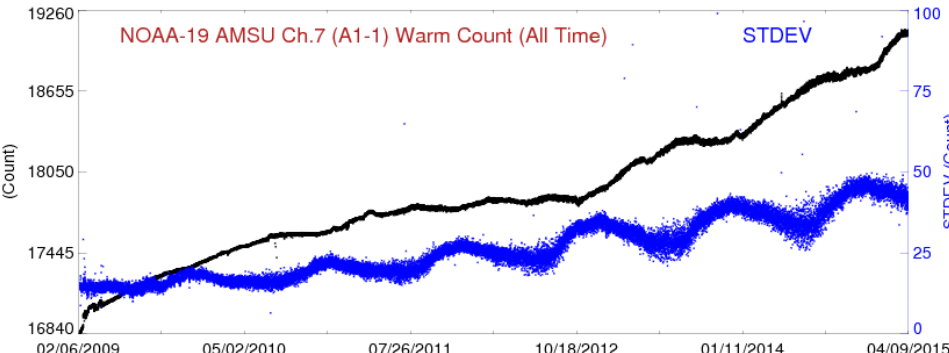
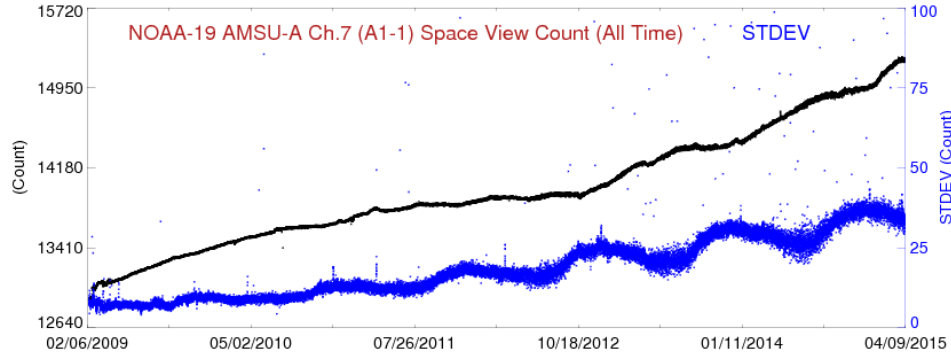
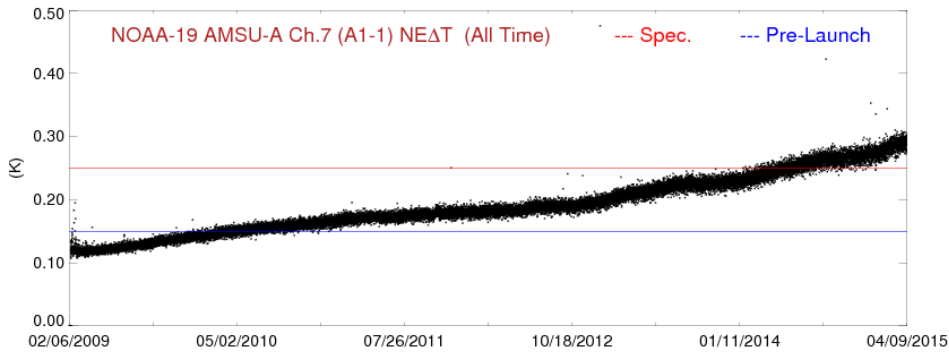
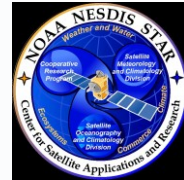
# On-orbit AMSU-A NEΔT



Ch.	Central Freq. (MHz)	Temperature Sensivity (K) NEΔT Spec.	NOAA-19 On-orbit NEΔT (K)	NOAA-18 On-orbit NEΔT (K)	NOAA-15 On-orbit NEΔT (K)	METOP-B On-orbit NEΔT (K)	METOP-A On-orbit NEΔT (K)
1	23800	0.30	0.13	0.15	0.13	0.13	0.12
2	31400	0.30	0.11	0.14	0.17	0.15	0.16
3	50300	0.40	0.16	0.16	0.13	0.20	0.48
4	52800	0.25	0.09	0.13	0.09	0.12	0.11
5	53596±115	0.25	0.10	0.15	0.10	0.10	0.13
6	54400	0.25	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.10	0.09
7	54940	0.25	0.30	0.13	0.09	0.10	200.5
8	55500	0.25	0.65	0.20	0.09	0.12	1.27
9	57290.344	0.25	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.11	0.12
10	57290.344±217	0.40	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.15
11	57290.344±322.2±48	0.40	0.15	0.16	77.8	0.17	0.18
12	57290.344±322.2±22	0.60	0.24	0.23	0.22	0.23	0.26
13	57290.344±322.2±10	0.80	0.32	0.29	0.30	0.31	0.34
14	57290.344±322.2±4.5	1.20	0.51	0.53	75.8	0.51	0.57
15	89000	0.50	0.10	0.09	0.08	0.10	0.07

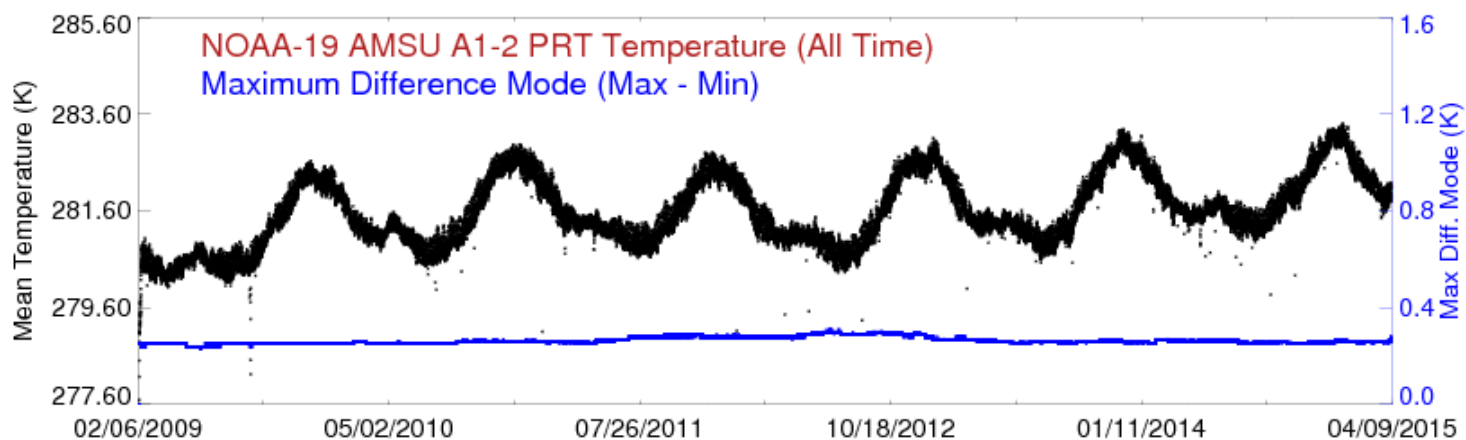
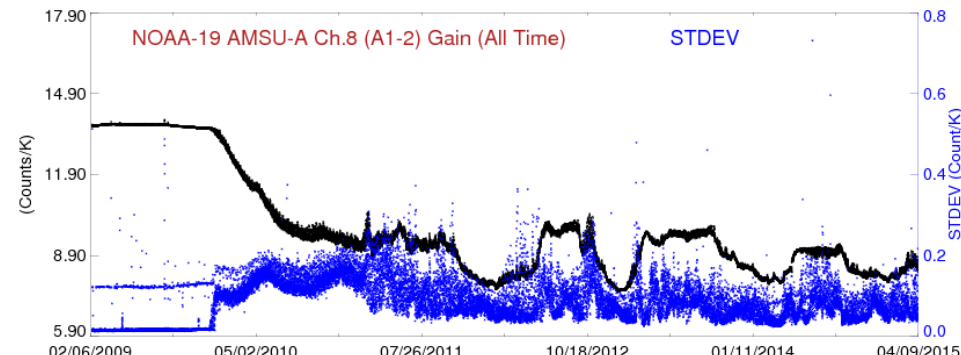
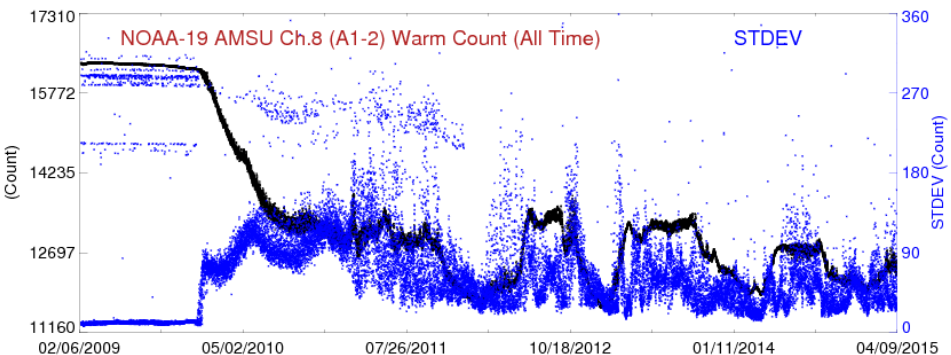
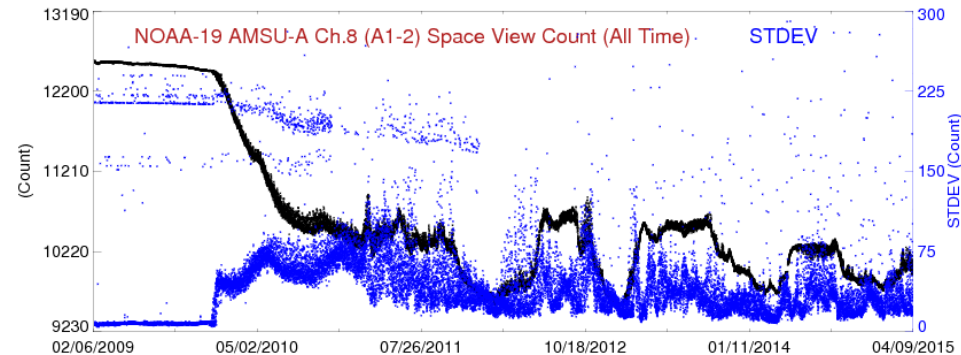
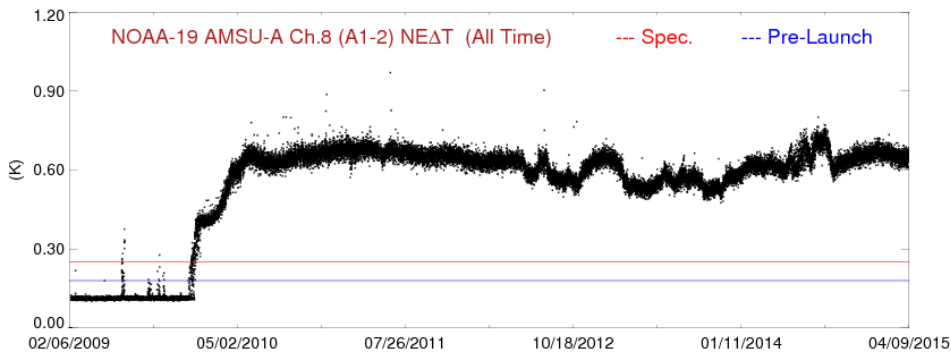


# NOAA-19 AMSU-A Ch. 7 Anomaly Trending

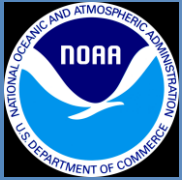




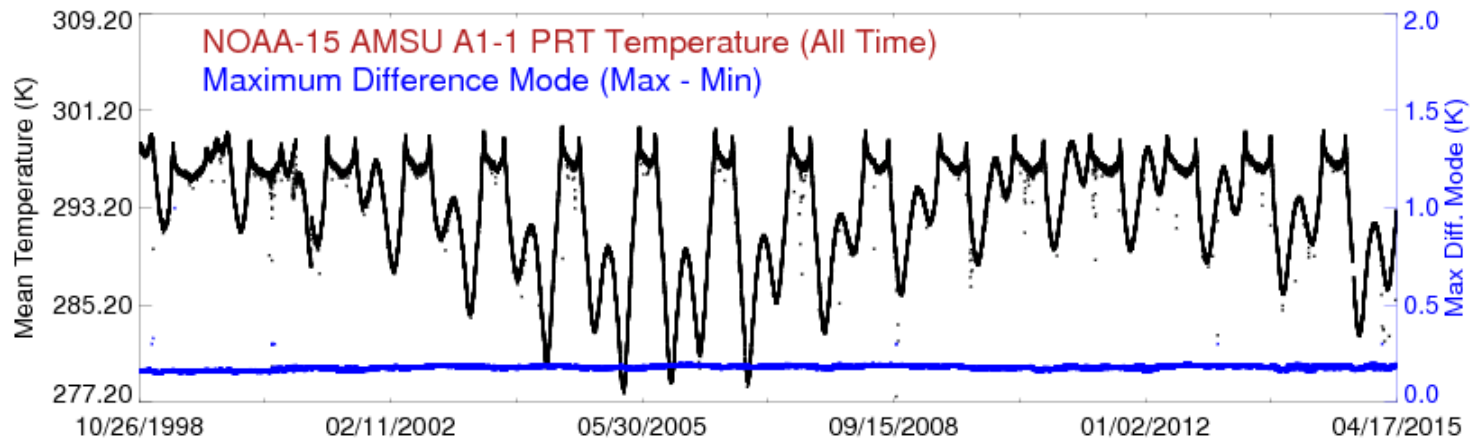
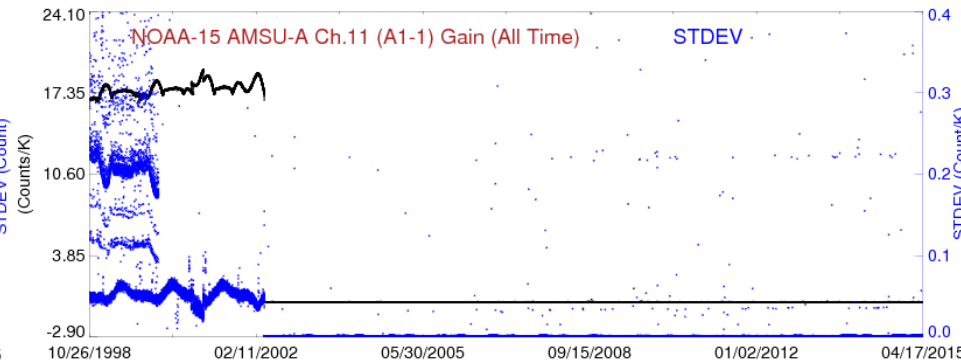
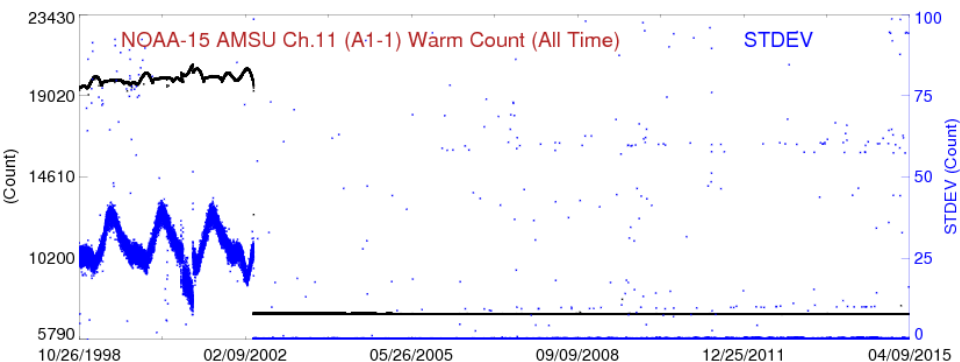
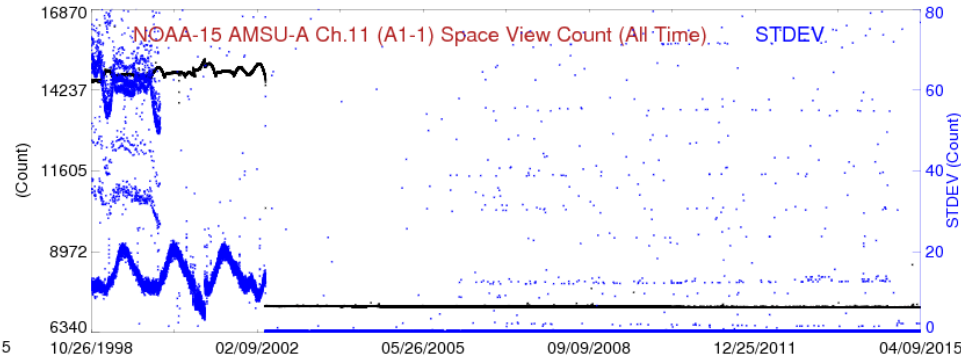
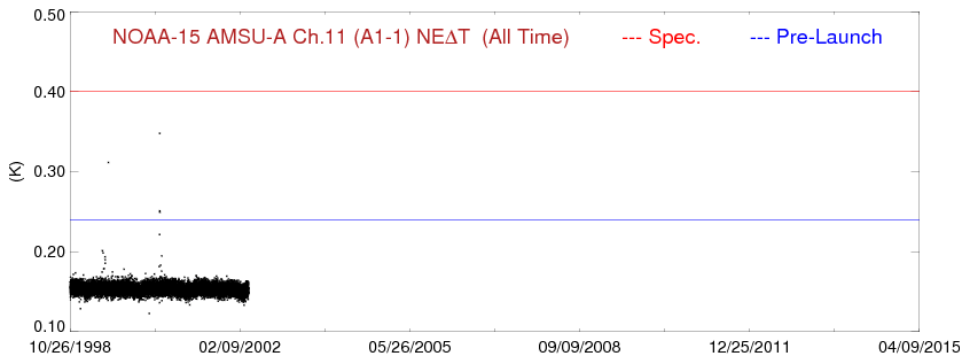
# NOAA-19 AMSU-A Ch. 8 Anomaly Trending





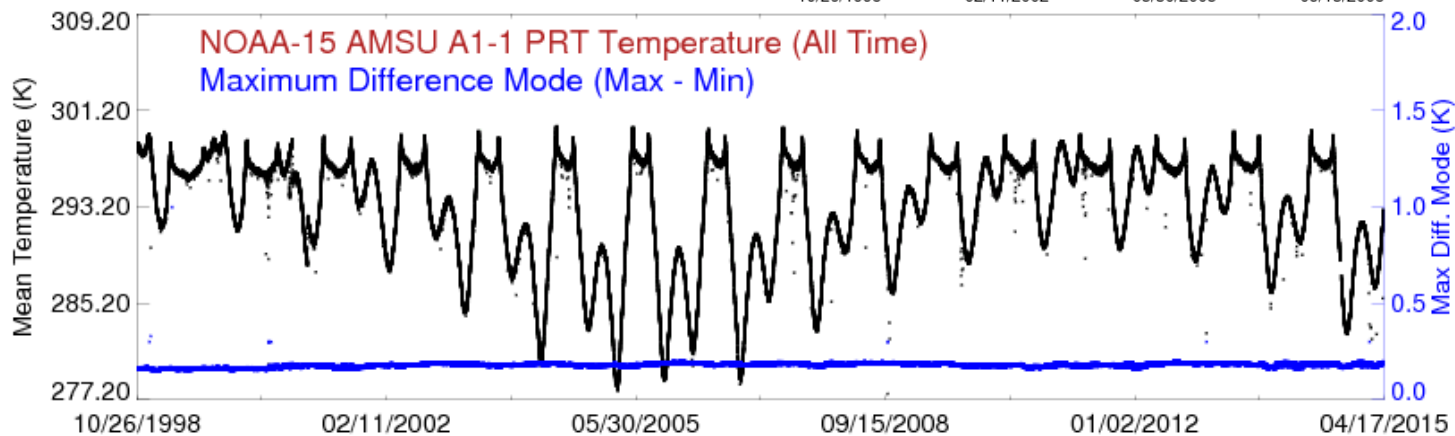
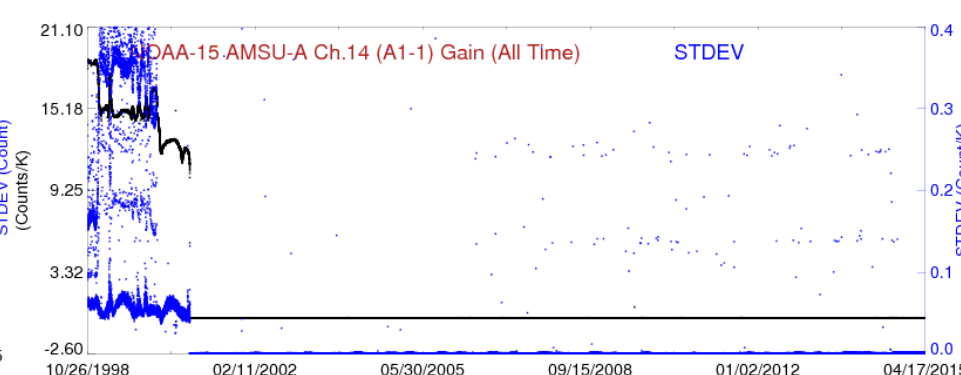
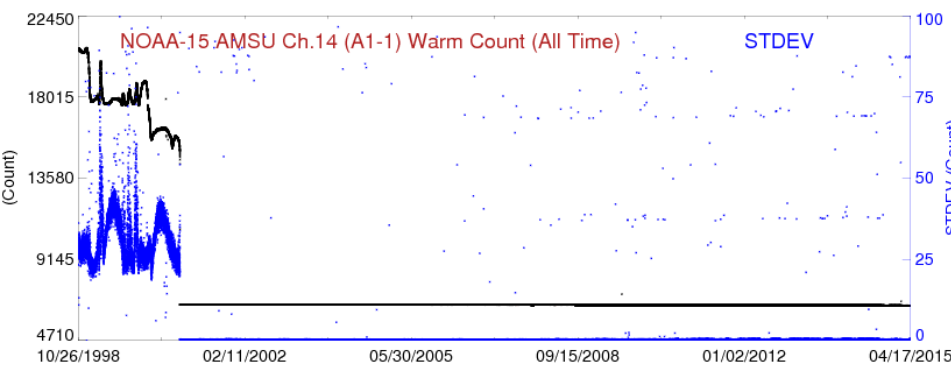
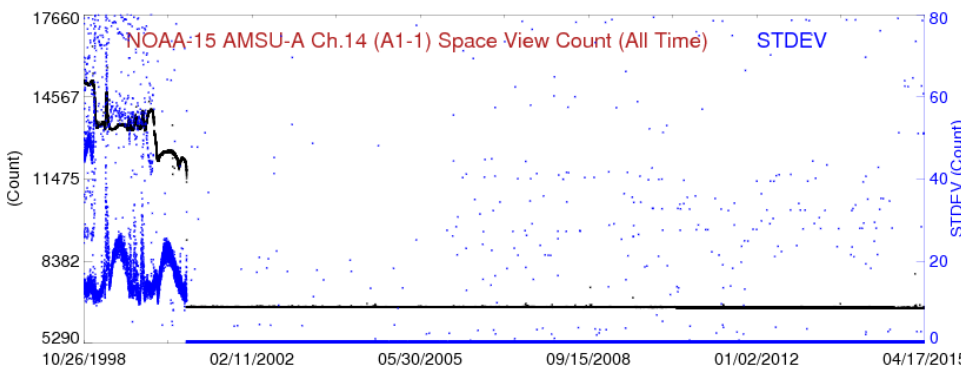
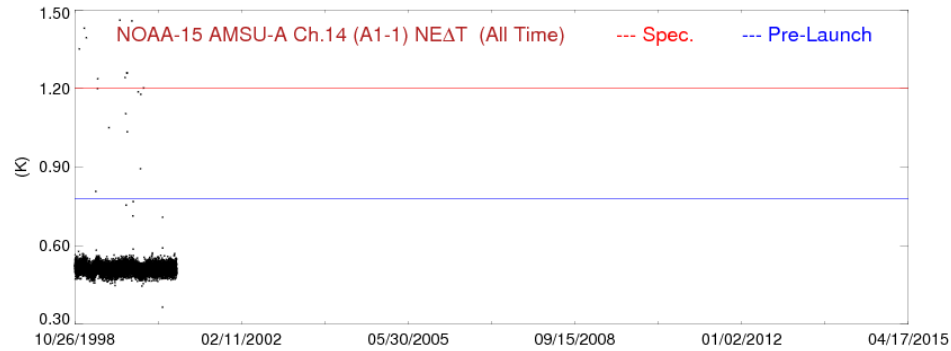


# NOAA-15 AMSU-A Ch. 11 Anomaly Trending



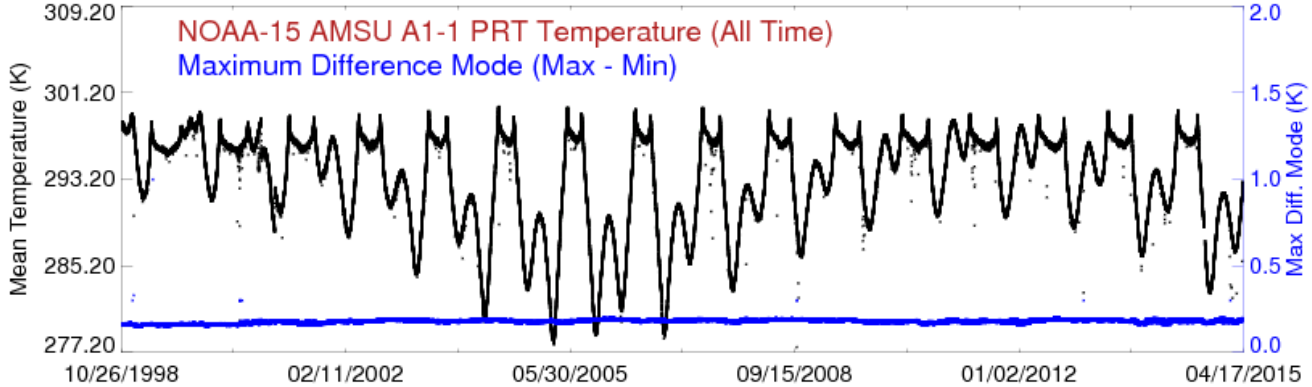
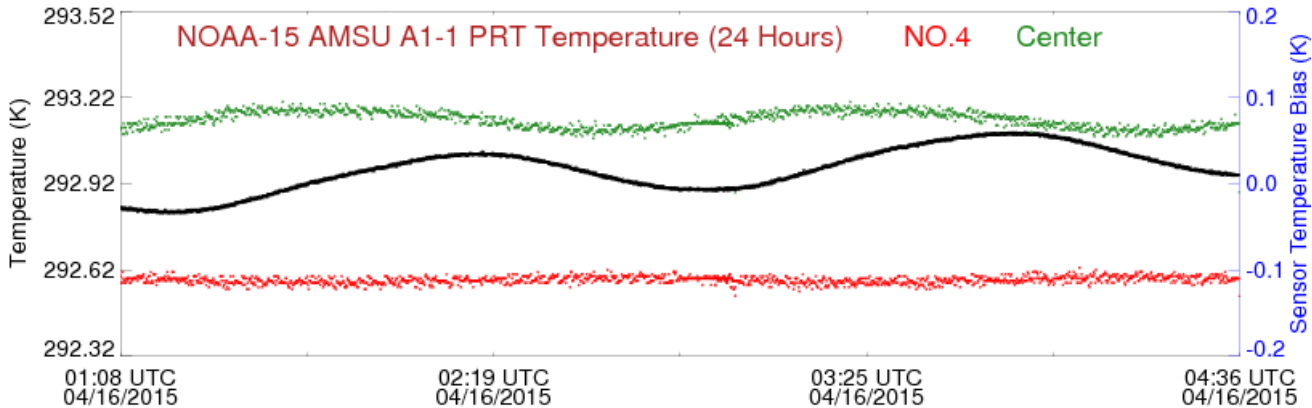
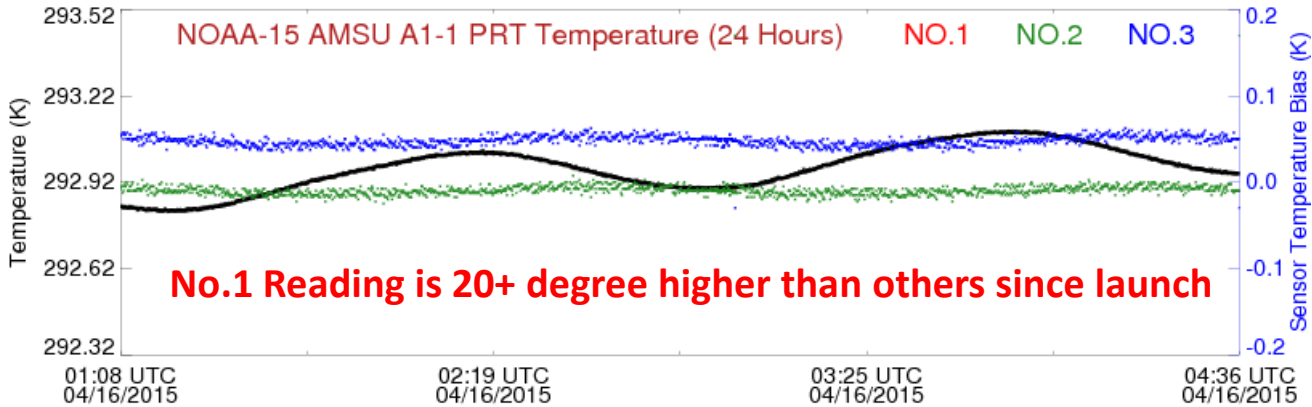


# NOAA-15 AMSU-A Ch. 14 Anomaly Trending



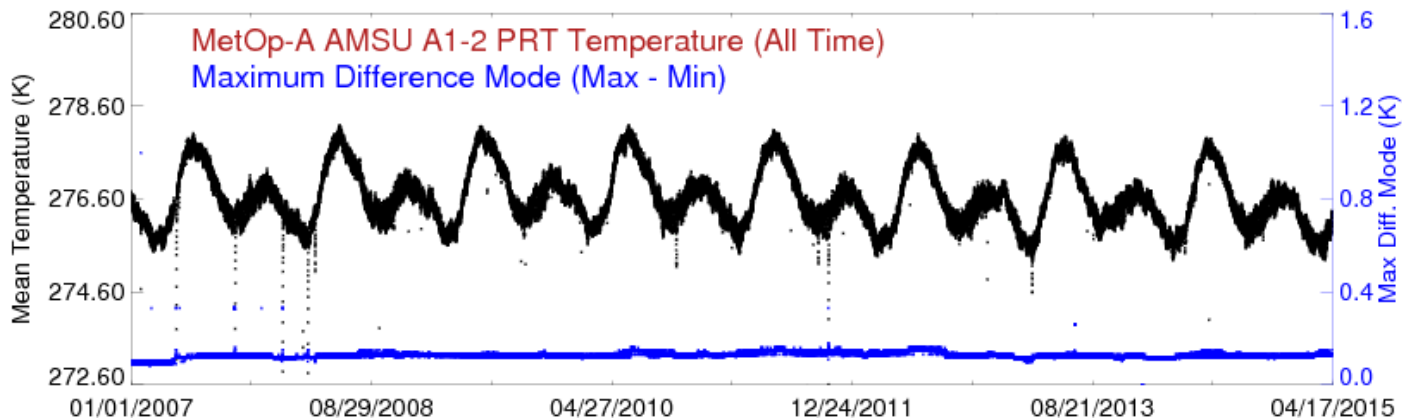
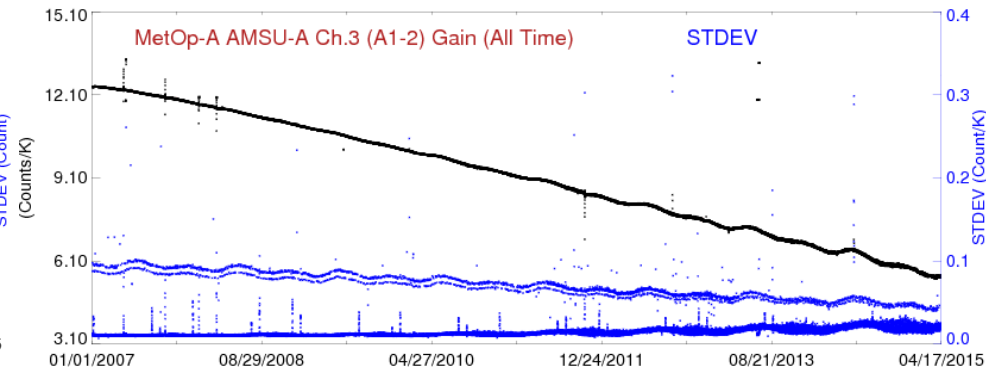
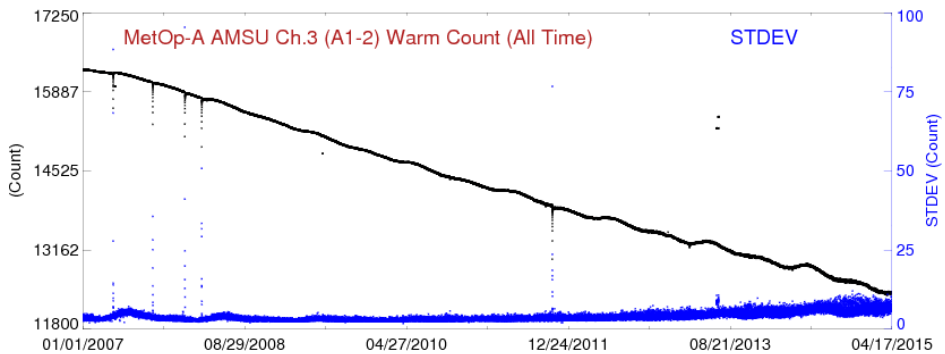
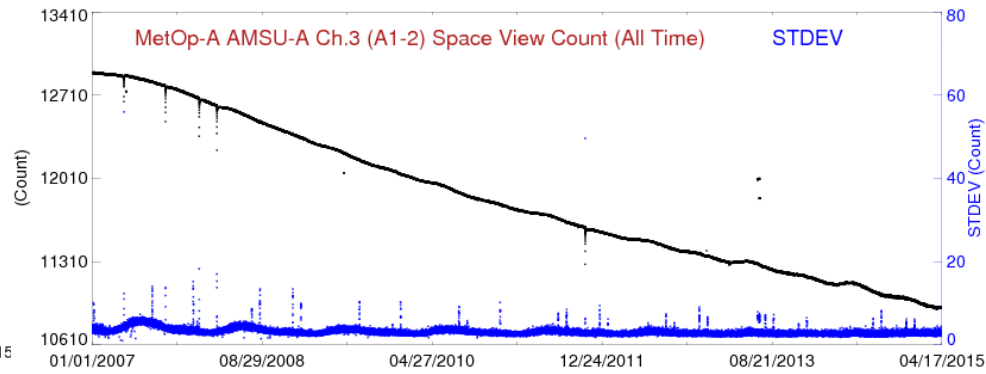
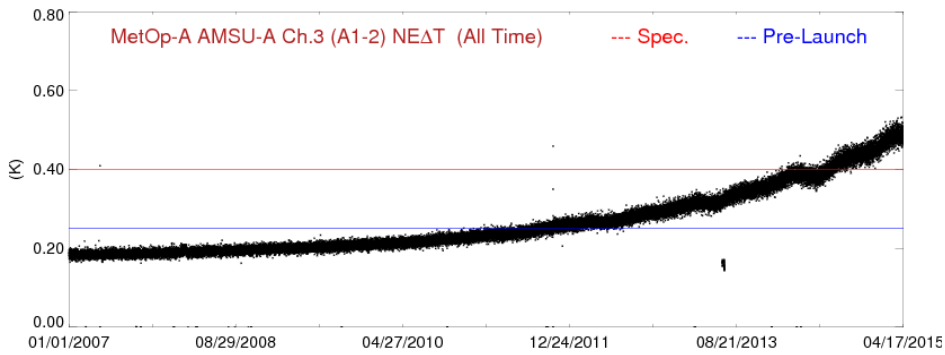


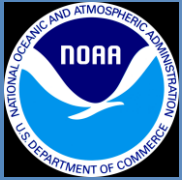
# NOAA-15 AMSU-A A1-1 PRT Temperature



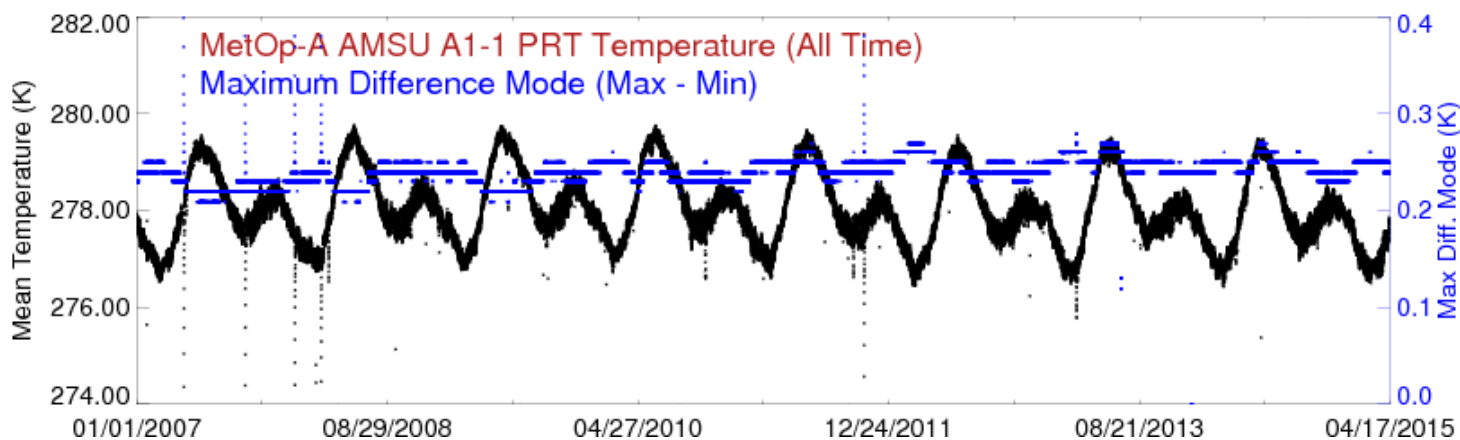
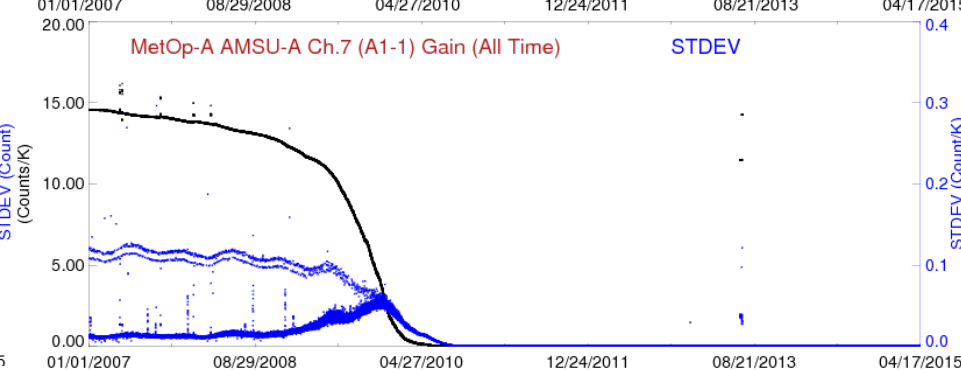
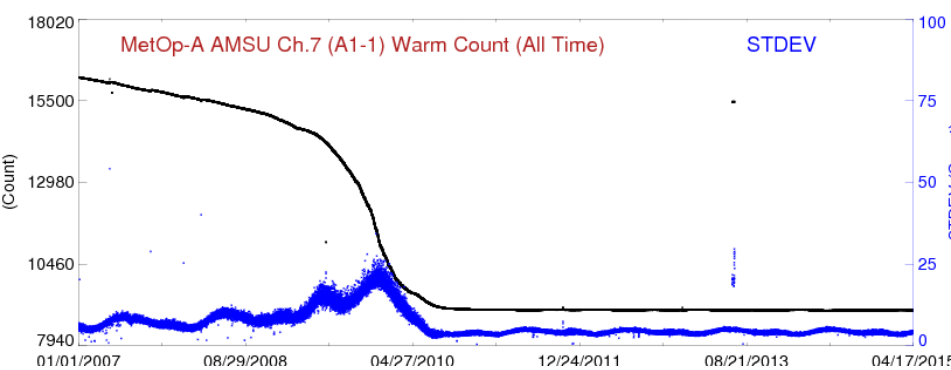
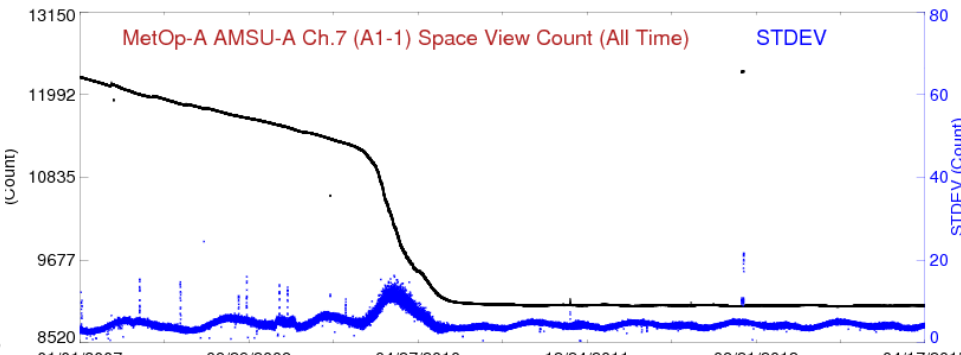
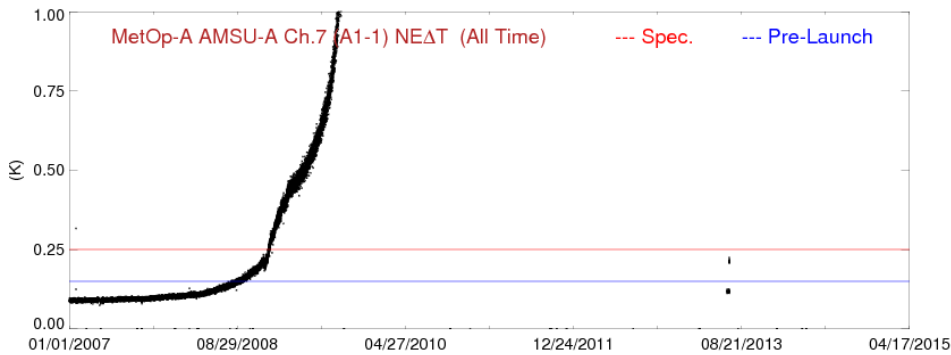
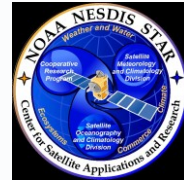


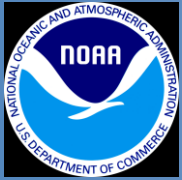
# Metop-A AMSU-A Ch.3 Anomaly Trending



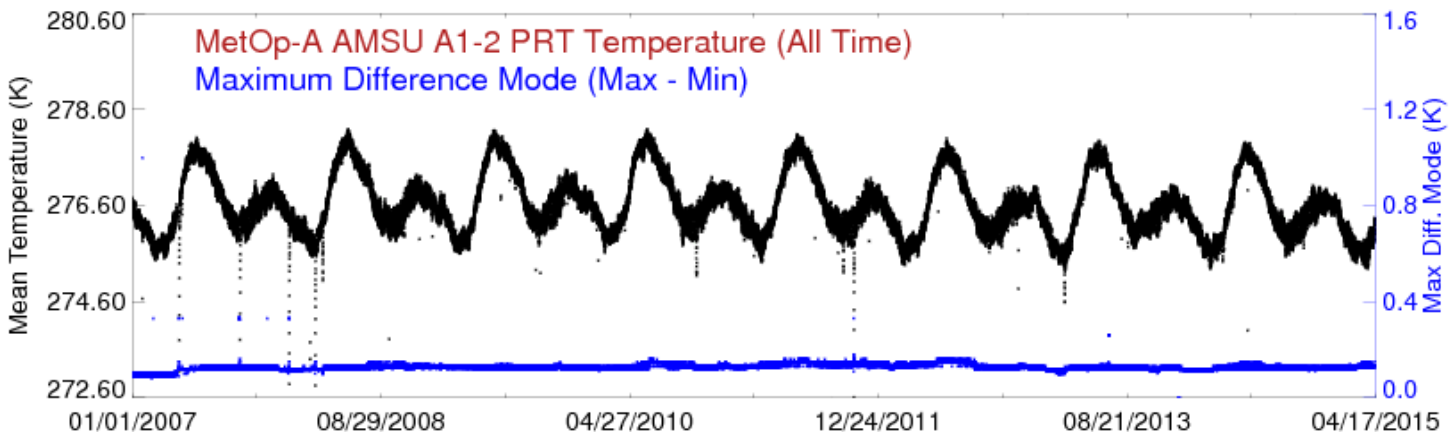
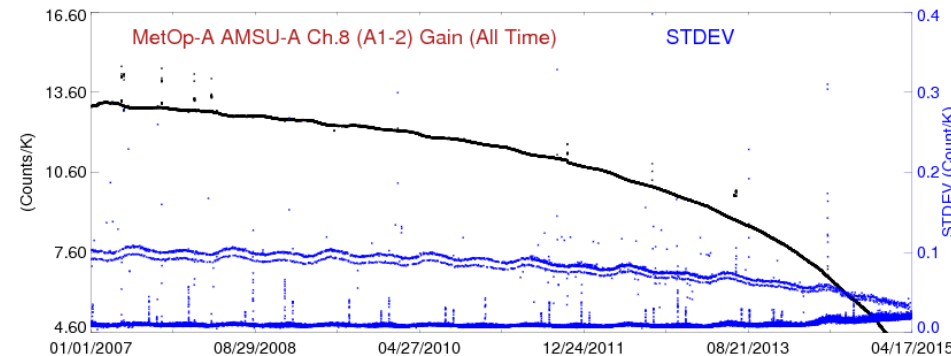
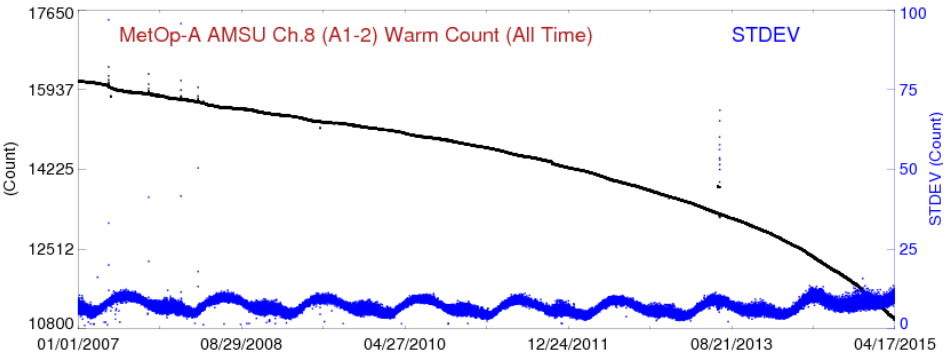
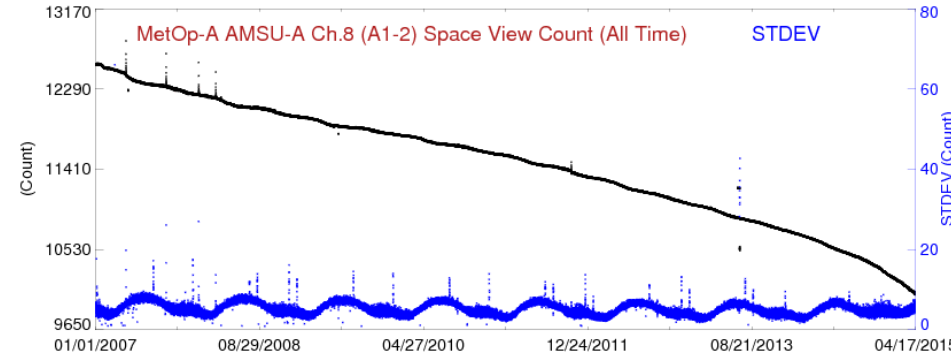
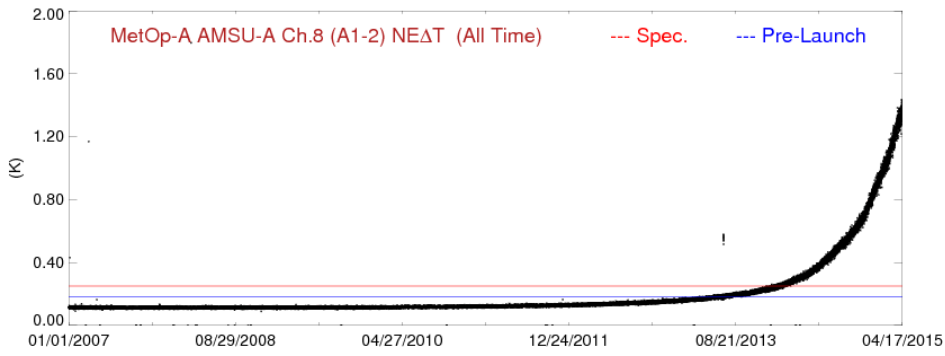


# Metop-A AMSU-A Ch.7 Anomaly Trending





# Metop-A AMSU-A Ch.8 Anomaly Trending





# On-orbit MHS NEΔT



Ch.	Central Freq. (MHz)	Temperature Sensivity (K) NEΔT Spec.	NOAA-19 On-orbit NEΔT (K)	NOAA-18 On-orbit NEΔT (K)	METOP-B On-orbit NEΔT (K)	METOP-A On-orbit NEΔT (K)
1	89000	1.0	0.11	0.12	0.15	0.11
2	157000	1.0	0.27	0.27	0.29	0.24
3	183311±1000	1.0	2.02	0.39	0.27	0.35
4	183311±3000	1.0	0.33	0.27	0.17	0.24
5	190311	1.0	0.17	0.25	0.19	0.25

❖ As of April 6, 2015



# NOAA-19 MHS Ch.3 Anomaly Trending

