



# Summary of JPSS-1 VIIRS Pre-Launch Radiometric Performance

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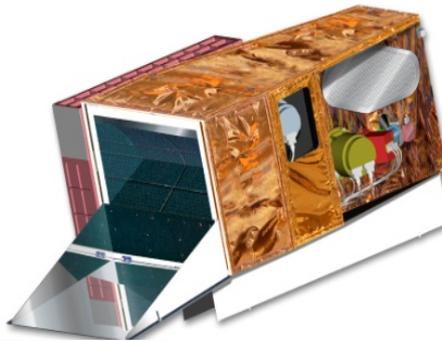
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<sup>3</sup>NASA VIIRS Characterization & Support Team/Fibertek Inc., VA, 20171



Courtesy of NASA SNPP Land SIPS – S. Devadiga & P. Ma



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**NOAA-STAR Annual Science Team Meeting  
August 9<sup>th</sup>, 2016**

### Acknowledgements:

*Government Data Analysis Working Group (DAWG), NASA VIIRS On-site Instrument Team*



# Content



- Background of VIIRS Sensor
- J1 VIIRS Pre-launch Testing
- J1 VIIRS Performance Assessment:
  - ✓ SNR/NE $\delta$ T, Lmax, Polarization, NFR, RVS, RSR
- Status of J2 VIIRS Ambient Testing
- Summary/Conclusion





# VIIRS Bands and Products



## VIIRS 22 Bands: 16 M-Band, 5 I-Band and 1 DNB

	Band	$\lambda_c$ (nm)	$\Delta\lambda$ (nm)	Spatial Resolution (m)	MODIS Equivalent Band	
VisNIR	DNB	700	400	750		
	M1	412	20	750	B8	
	M2	445	18	750	B9	
	M3	488	20	750	B3-B10	
	M4	555	20	750	B4-B12	
	M5	672	20	750	B1	
	I1	640	80	375	B1	
SMWIR	M6	746	15	750	B15	
	M7	865	39	750	B2	
	I2	865	39	375	B2	
	M8	1240	20	750	B5	
	M9	1378	15	750	B26	
	M10	1610	60	750	B6	
	I3	1610	60	375	B6	
	M11	2250	50	750	B7	
	I4	3740	380	375	B20	
	M12	3760	180	750	B20	
	M13	4050	155	750	B21-B22-B23	
	LWIR	M14	8550	300	750	B29
		M15	10763	1000	750	B31
I5		11450	1900	375	B31-B32	
M16		12013	950	750	B32	

Dual Gains

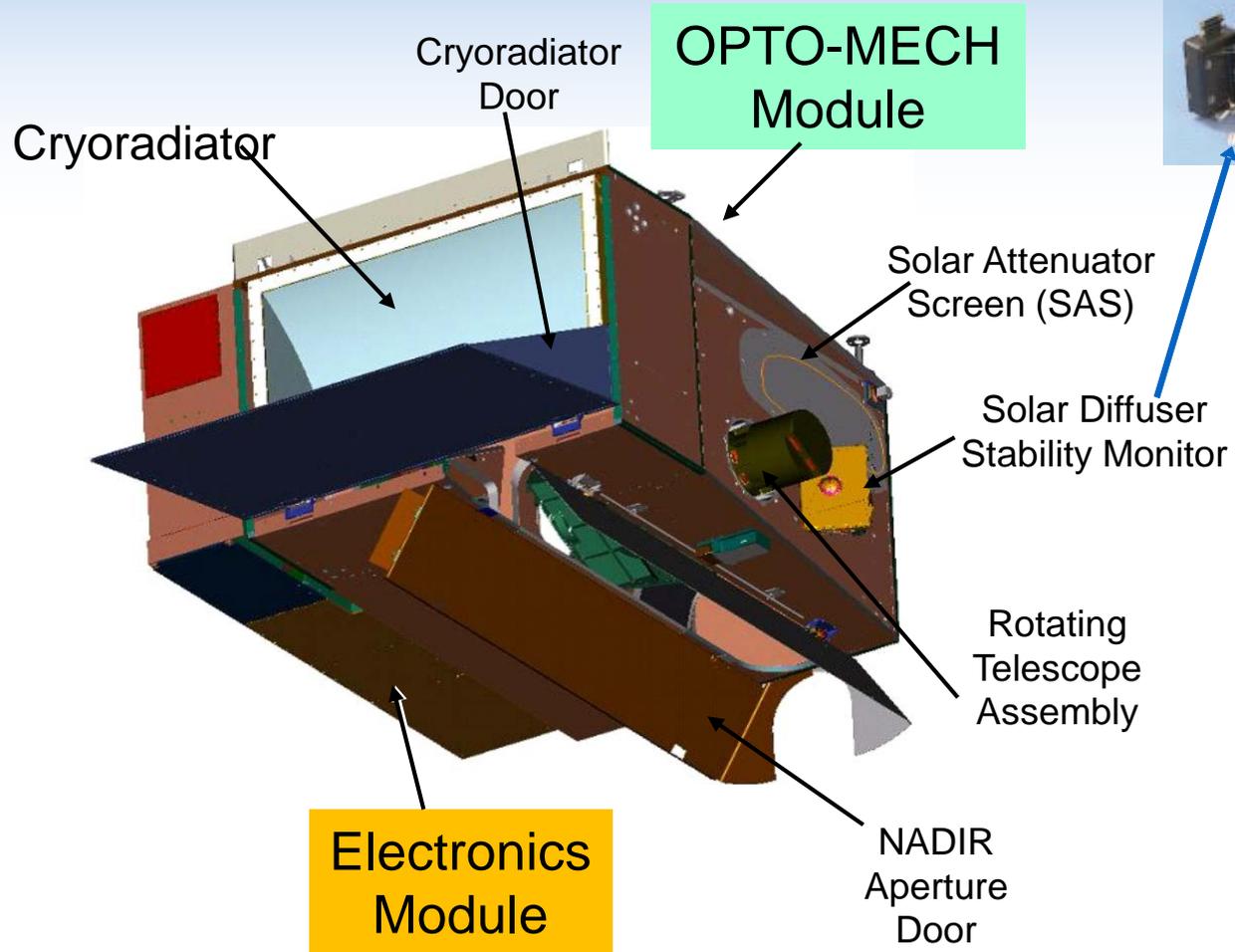
- 14 reflective solar bands (RSB): 0.4-2.2  $\mu\text{m}$  and 1 day night band (DNB)
- 7 thermal emissive bands (TEB): 3.7-12.0  $\mu\text{m}$
- Dual gain bands: M1-M5, M7, and M13

## VIIRS 22 Environmental Data Products (EDRs)

Land	
1- Active Fires	2- Snow Cover
3- Land Surface Albedo	4- Vegetation Index
5- Land Surface Temperature	6- Surface Type
7- Ice Surface Temperature	8- Net Heat Flux
9- Snow Ice Characterization	
Ocean	
1- Sea Surface Temperature	2- Ocean Color/Chlorophyll
Imagery and Clouds	
1- Imagery and low light imaging	2- Cloud Top Height
3- Cloud Optical Thickness	4- Cloud Top Temperature
5- Cloud Effective Particle Size	6- Cloud Base Height
7- Cloud Top Pressure	8- Cloud Cover/Layers
Aerosol	
1- Aerosol Optical Thickness	2- Aerosol Particle Size
3- Suspended Matter	



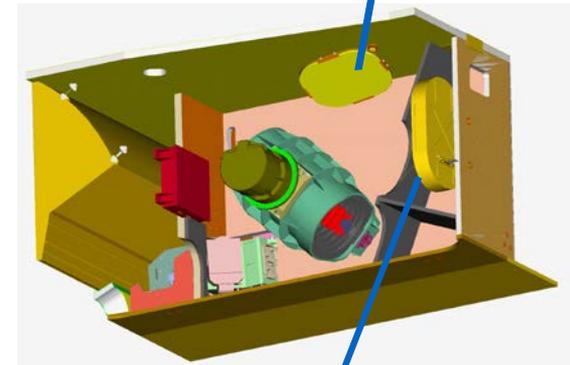
# VIIRS Sensor & On-board Calibrators



SDSM



Solar Diffuser



Blackbody (BB)

- *Proven design through SNPP mission*
- *Comprehensive pre-launch testing, and on-orbit predictions*



# Pre-Launch Testing Objectives



- ❑ **Radiometric, Spectral and Spatial testing**
  - Ambient, TV (cold, nominal, hot), HAM sides, E-sides, detectors, etc.
- ❑ **Ensure sensor performance meets design requirements**
  - Compliance, Waivers
- ❑ **Capability to generate sensor performance parameters for on-orbit operation and calibration**
- ❑ **Support modeling and predictions to ensure overall science objectives are met**
- ❑ **Development and implementation of potential mitigation strategies to address artifacts and noncompliance issues**



# Overview of J1 Pre-launch Testing



## Performance Testing:

- Radiometric (SNR/NE $\Delta$ T, detector calibration, dynamic range)
- Spectral (IB and OOB RSR)
- Spatial and geometric (BBR, MTF, and pointing)
- Others
  - Polarization sensitivity
  - Response versus scan-angle
  - Stray light and Near-field response
  - BB/SD/SDSM characterization
- Thermal testing
- Vibration testing
- Electromagnetic interference
- Special testing (ETPs)

## Testing Phases:

- **Component/Sub-system Testing**
- **Sensor Level Testing**
  - ✓ Ambient:  
*08/24/2013 - 01/19/2014*
  - ✓ TVAC:  
*07/16/2014 - 10/30/2014*
  - ✓ Sensor Delivery:  
*02/06/2015*
- **Observatory Level Testing:**
  - ✓ Sensor Integrated to J1:  
*02/20/2015*
  - ✓ Environmental Testing:  
*April-September 2016*
- **JPSS-1 Launch:**
  - ✓ *Mid-March, 2017*



# Testing & Performance Teams



- **Test data independently analyzed and reviewed by**
  - Sensor Vendor (Raytheon)
  - Government Team
    - NASA
    - NOAA
    - Aerospace
    - U. of Wisconsin
- **Test results reviewed by**
  - Data Review Board (DRB): results primarily from sensor team
  - Data Analysis Working Group (DAWG): results primarily from gov. team
  - Technical Interchange Meetings (TIMs)
  - Regular briefings at NOAA-led VIIRS SDR meetings

**General Agreement on the good quality of J1 VIIRS test data, and instrument performance**



# J1 Instrument Improvements



- **RTA Mirrors Changed from Ni coated to VQ**
  - Improved spatial stability with temperature
- **Dichroic 2 Coatings Redesigned**
  - Improved spatial performance between SMWIR & LWIR
- **Eliminated Throughput Degradation Due to Tungsten**
  - Improved radiometric sensitivity
- **Enhanced VisNIR Integrated Filter Coating Change**
  - Improved crosstalk, OOB, and RSR performances
  - Higher polarization sensitivity: Bands M1 – M4

Other changes were also included but not expected to make substantial change in the sensor performance

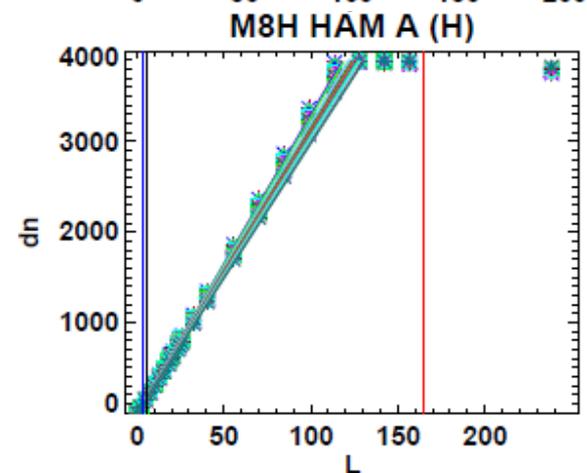
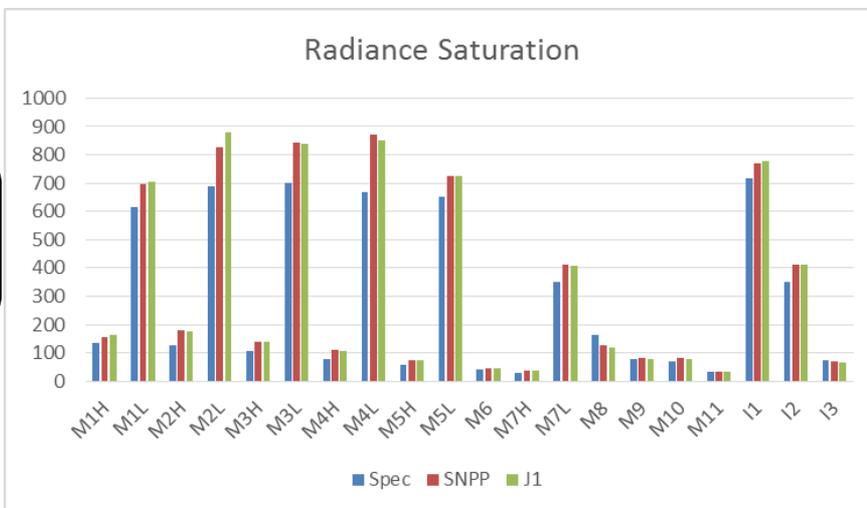
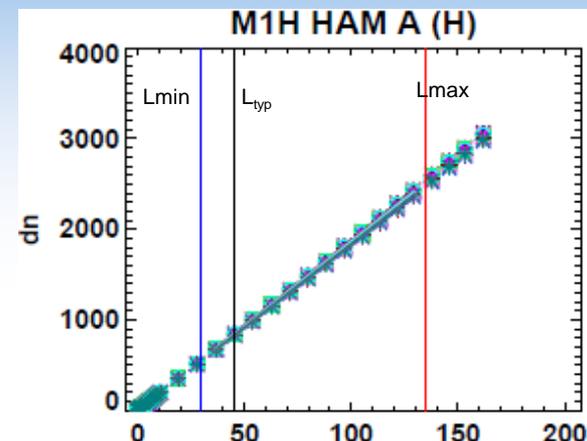
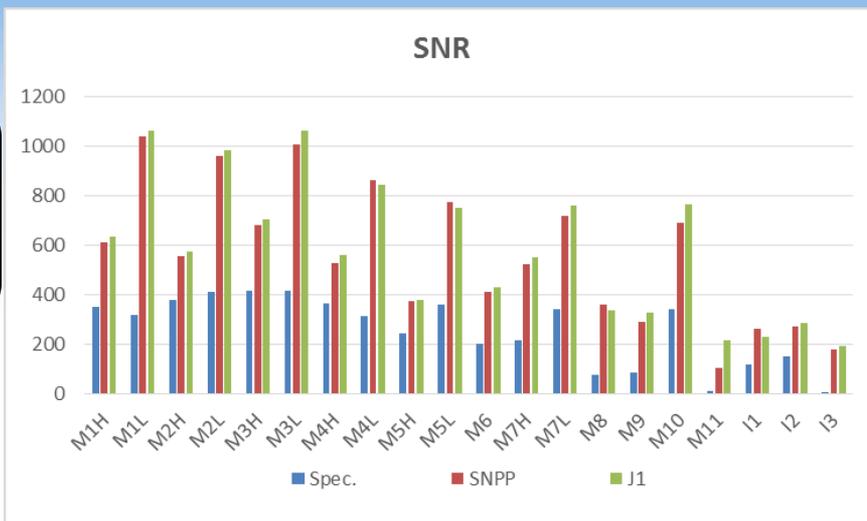


# RSB Radiometric Performance



J1 SNR compliant with margin

I3 Det4 noisy



Minor Dynamic range non-compliance (M8, I3)

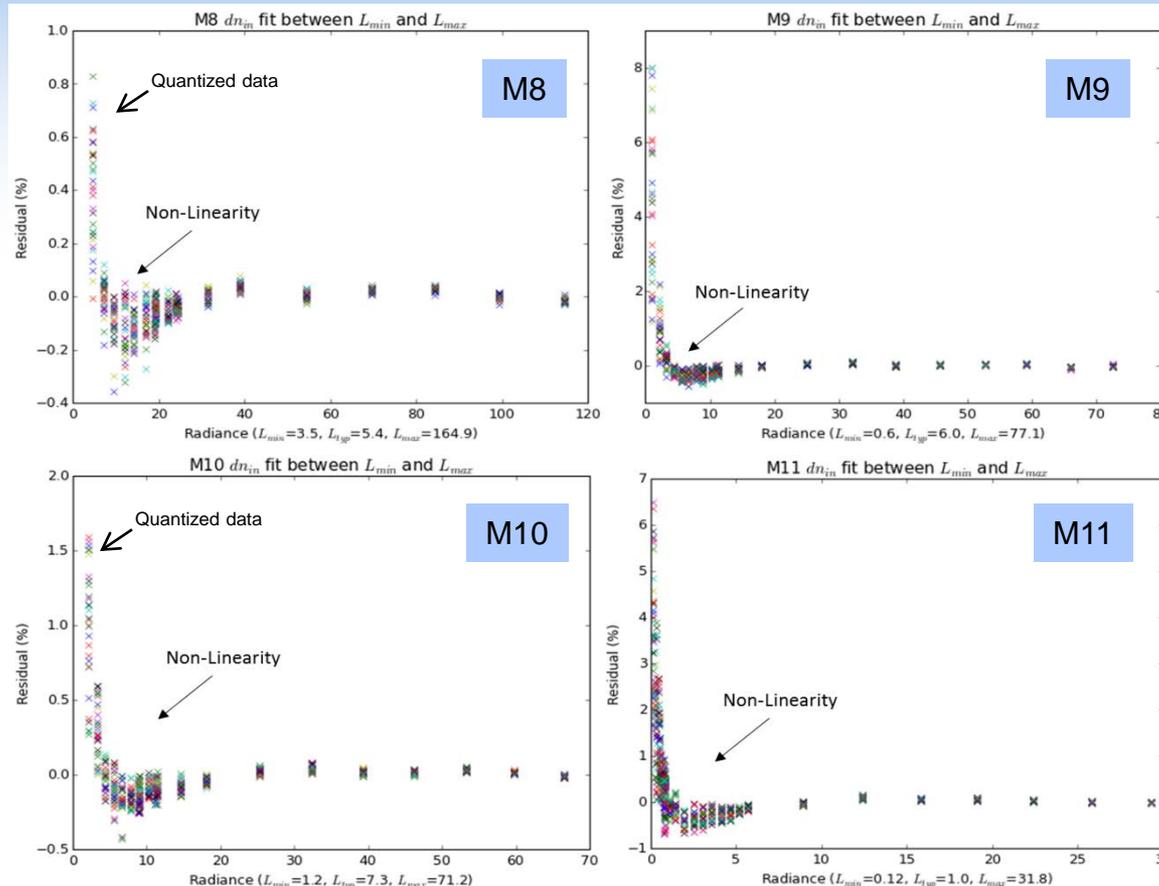
- J1 Radiometric performance is quite similar to SNPP
- Higher than expected non-linearity seen in SWIR bands and DNB



# SWIR Radiometric Performance



## SWIR Non-Linearity Issue (Low Radiance)



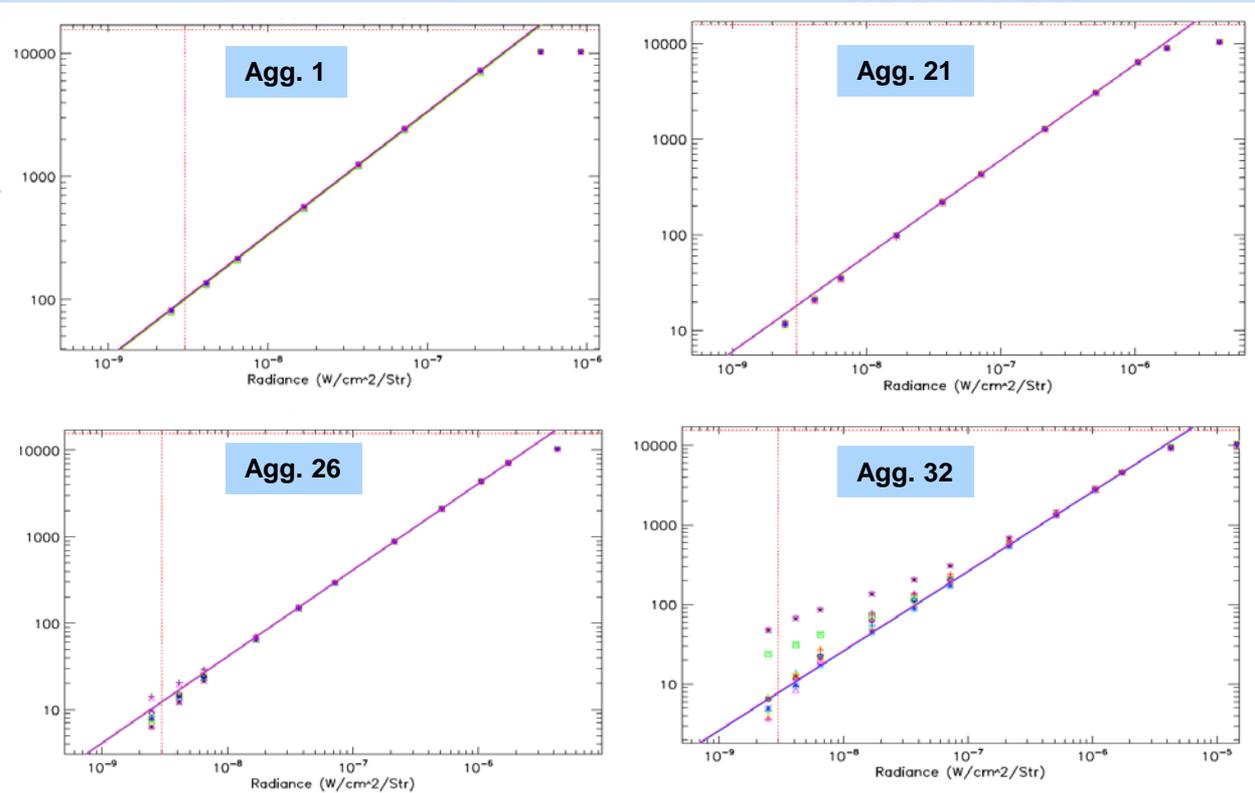
- Issue characterized and root cause identified (electronics Voltage)
- Plan to mitigate in the SDR software (3<sup>rd</sup> degree equation, or other options)



# DNB Radiometric Performance



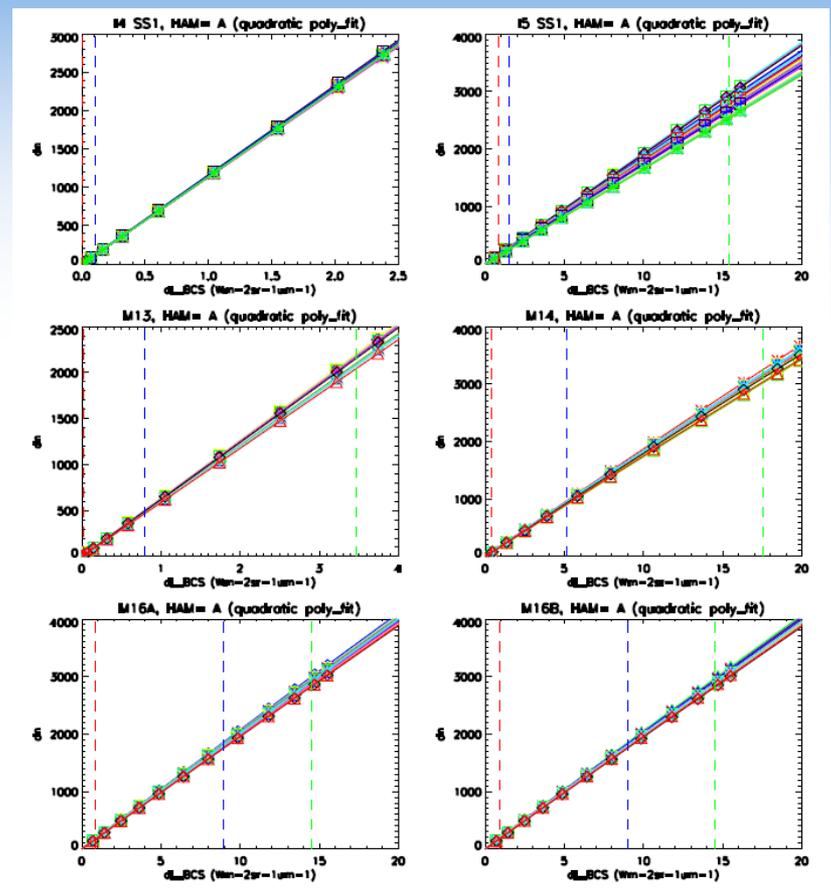
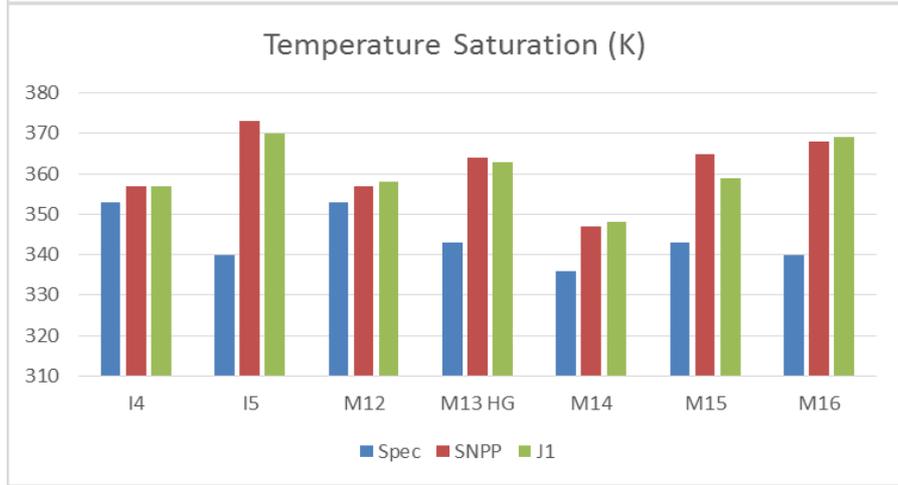
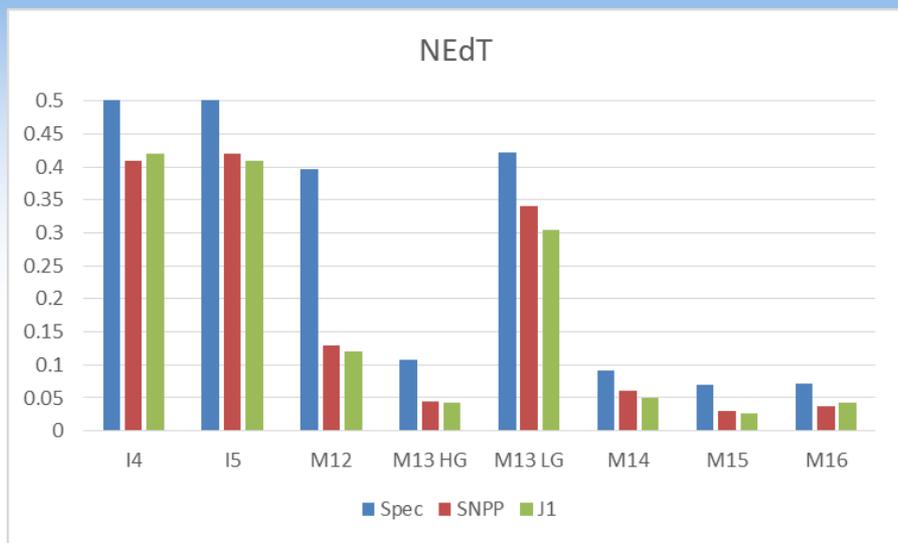
## DNB Non-Linearity Issue (Low Radiance)



- Limited to agg. modes at the end of scan (22-32)
- Issue characterized and root cause identified (timing card setting)
- Resolved using Option21 approach at the expense of spatial resolution



# TEB Radiometric Performance



Radiance

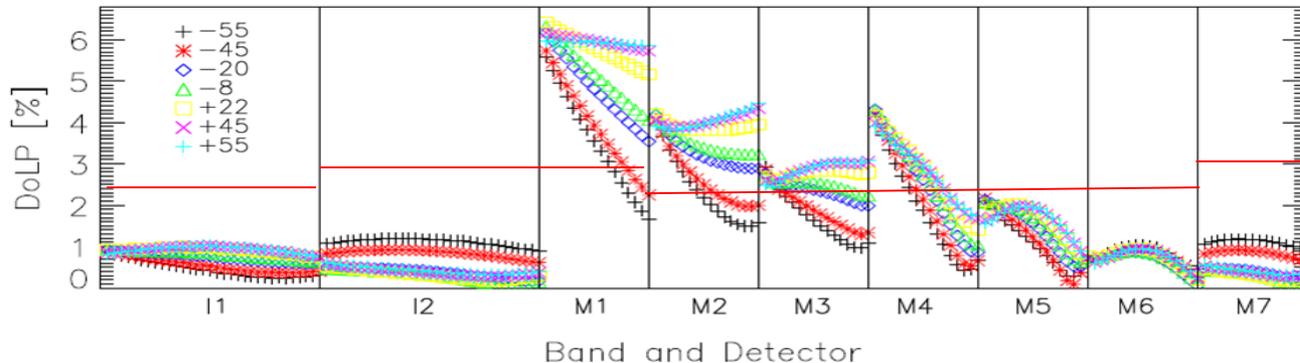
- J1 TEB calibration performance is very good, similar to SNPP performance.
- Minor non-compliances observed:  $T_{MIN}$  for I4 and M14; M13 gain transition radiance.
  - Impact to science is expected to be small.



# VisNIR Polarization Sensitivity



- Bands M1–M4 were non-compliant with the polarization sensitivity requirements
- A series of telecons were held with NASA/NOAA SMEs
  - Provided impact assessments for Ocean, Land, and Atmosphere disciplines
  - Correction methodologies available to enhance EDR products
- Additional testing was requested after TVAC
  - Additional scan angles were measured using a broadband source
  - Limited measurements performed with a laser source for model validation



**Successful and comprehensive J1 polarization testing was completed**

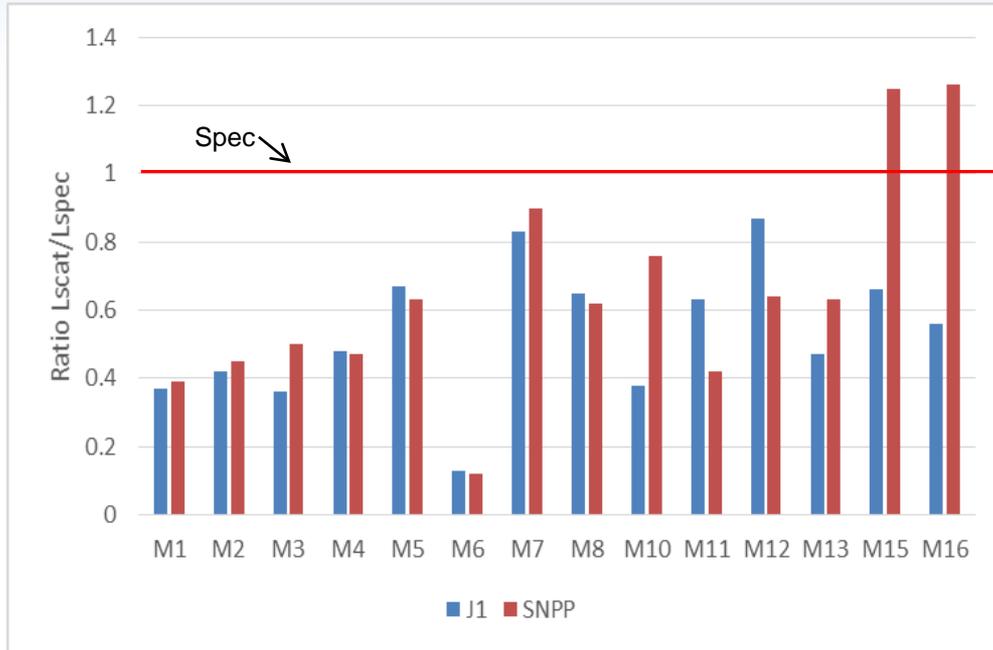
- Uncertainty less than (0.4%), Repeatability within 0.13%



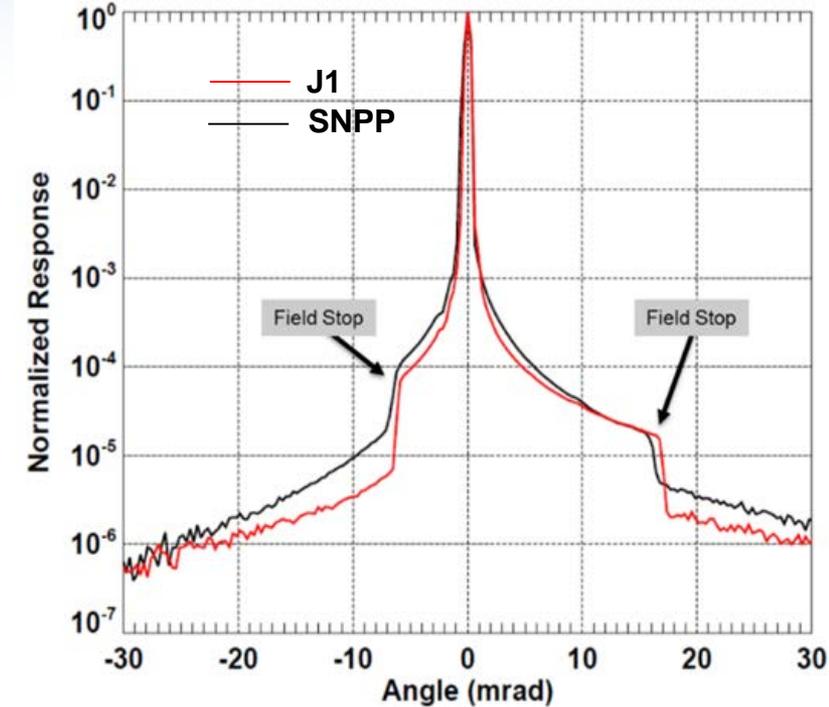
# Near-Field Response (NFR) Performance



## J1 NFR Performance at Beginning of Life (BOL)



## Band M5 (672 nm) detector 8



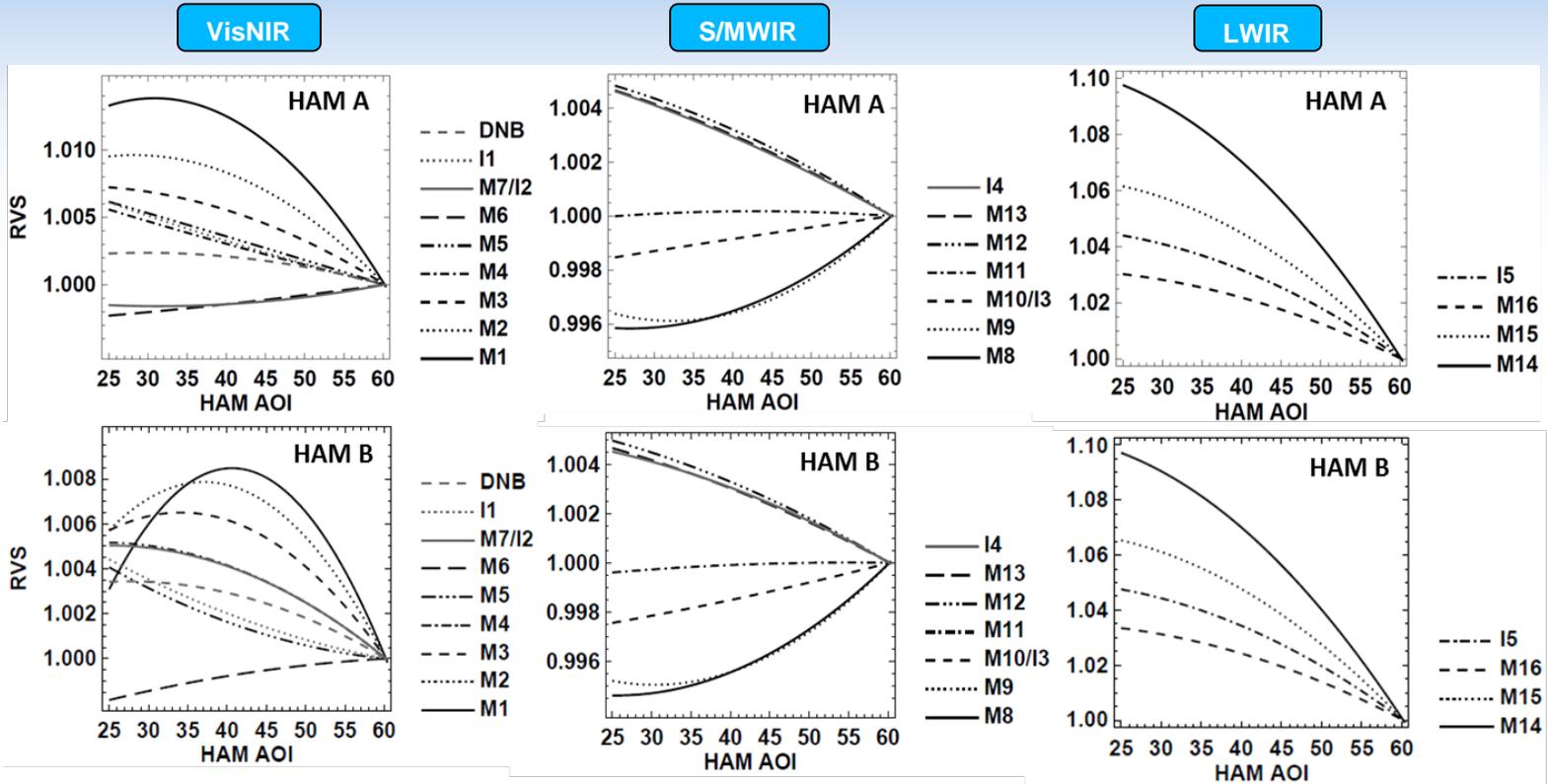
J1 NFR requirements are met for all bands



# Response vs. Scan (RVS)



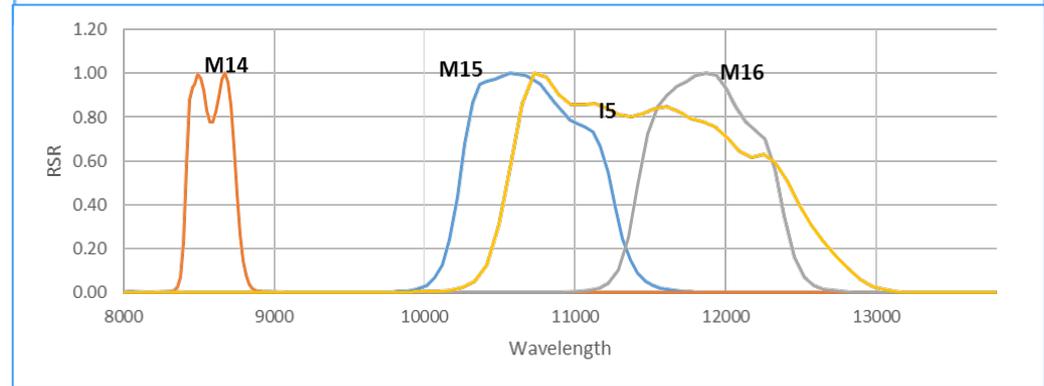
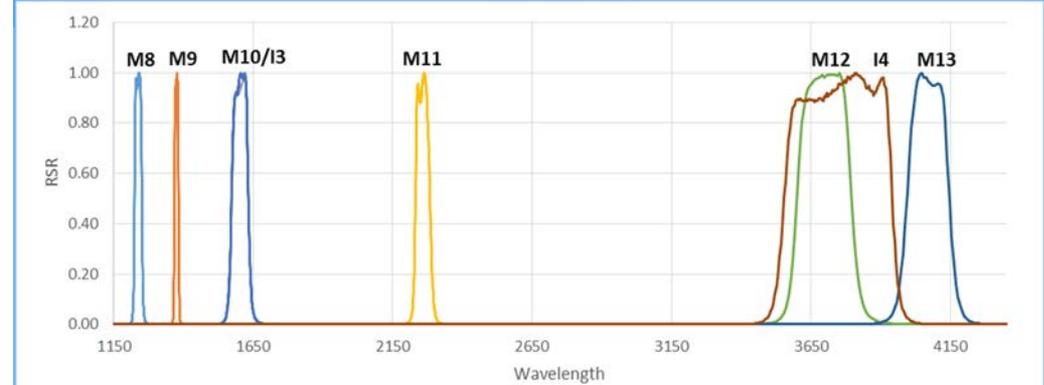
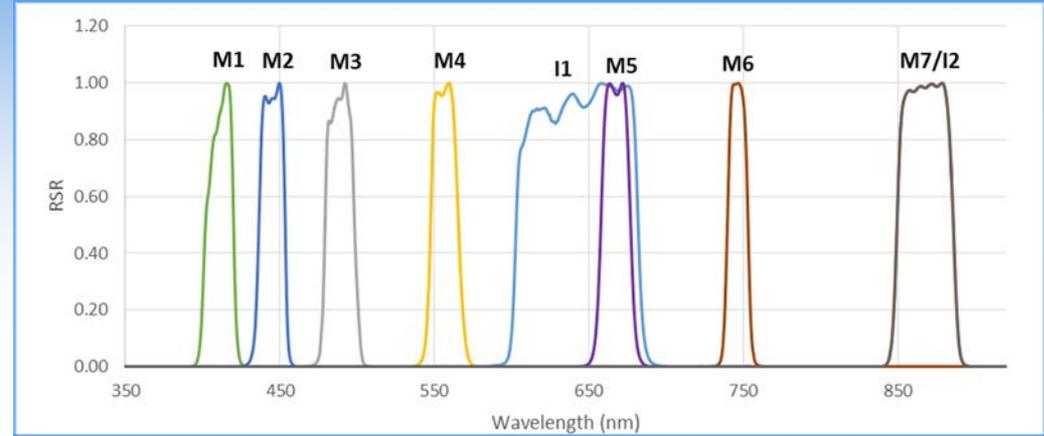
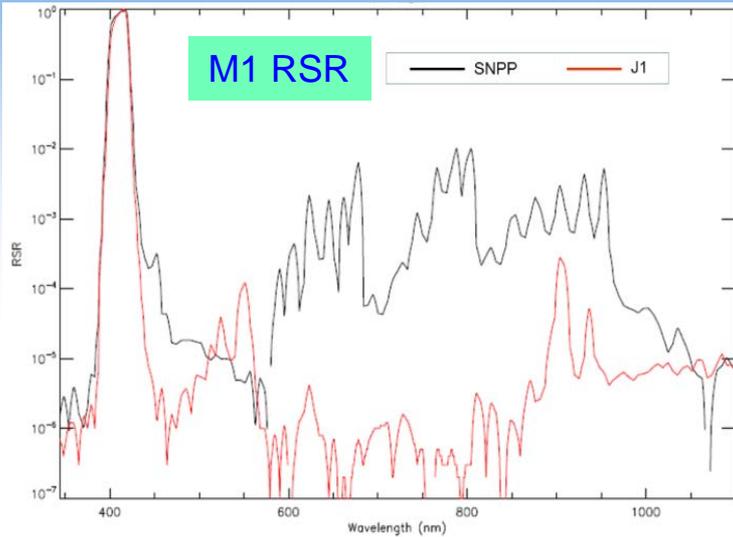
RVS is the HAM reflectance as a function of HAM Angle of incidence (AOI)



- **Excellent J1 RVS performance characterization, Similar to SNPP**
  - **RSB uncertainty under 0.06% (Spec 0.3)**
  - **TEB uncertainty under 0.15 % (Spec 0.2)**



# Spectral Performance



- J1 spectral performance testing was completed successfully for all bands
- Combination of best quality data from monochromator and laser is used for J1
- Overall spectral performance is expected to be better than SNPP.



# J1 VIIRS Performance Waivers



Raytheon Waiver #	Title	Status
RDW_148	J1 Relief against reflective band absolute radiometric calibration uncertainty requirements for bands M1-M3	Approved
RDW_149	J1 Relief against reflective band absolute radiometric calibration uncertainty requirements for band M11	Approved
RDW_150A	J1 Relief for DNB stray light in certain viewing geometries and related impacts on sensitivity and radiometric calibration	Approved
RDW_151	J1 relief against maximum radiance requirement for bands M8, I1 and possibly M1LG and I3.	Approved
RDW_166	J1 relief against maximum polarization sensitivity requirement for bands M1 to M4.	Approved
RDW_153	J1 relief against electrical and optical crosstalk. Stringent requirements and testing artefacts are leading to non-compliances	Approved
RDW_150A	J1 relief against the sensor modulated transfer function (MTF)	Approved
RDW_161	J1 relief against the relative spectral response (RSR) requirements. Band center (M5, M16), Band width (M1,M8,M14, DNB), 1% limit (I5, DNB), IOOB (M16)	Approved
RDW_168	J1 relief against near field response (NFR). Non-compliance for (M7, M13, M16A and I3)	Approved
RDW_171	J1 relief from emissive relative radiometric response calibration uniformity (M12-M14 at high temp) and characterization uncertainty (I5 and M12).	Approved
RDW_172	J1 relief from reflective band characterization uncertainty (all bands non-compliant except M4HG and M5HG, and M7HG), and uniformity characterization (all bands non-compliant except M1-M7 high gain and M6)	Approved
RDW_173	J1 relief from band-to-band registration for I bands (non-compliance for I1-I3, I2-I3, I1-I4, I2-I4, I1-I5, I2-I5, I3-I5, I4-I5)	Approved
RDW_174	J1 relief from DNB SNR, uniformity and RCU.	Approved
RDW_175	J1 relief from spatial dynamic field of view (DFOV). All M bands and I5 not compliant	Approved
RDW_177	J1 DNB relief from dynamic range (LGS)	Approved

- All 15 waivers were approved by NASA/NOAA review board
- Completed a series of telecons (half-dozen) with NASA and NOAA SMEs to review each waiver
- Compliance is against end-of-life (EOL) performance
- All of non-compliances have mitigation plans, or will lead to acceptable impact.



# JPSS VIIRS Future Enhancements



- **DNB On-orbit Stray light Issue Investigation**
  - Observed in SNPP on-orbit, but root-cause still to be identified.
- **Eliminate SWIR and DNB non-linearity at low radiance**
  - Both issues resolved for J2 VIIRS
- **Algorithm changes to reduce stripping effect due to sensor calibration artifacts (M15-M16, I3 Det4)**
- **Finalize List of J1 lessons learned, and Hardware/Software Improvements to be implemented for future builds (JPSS-2,3,4)**
  - Testing enhancements, adding a water vapor band, electronics noise, radiance roll-over, etc.



# JPSS-2 VIIRS: Initial Radiometric Performance





# JPSS-2 VIIRS Status



- **JPSS-2 VIIRS is the 3<sup>rd</sup> unit of VIIRS sensors,**
  - **Ambient Phase: April-August 2016**
  - **Thermal Vacuum: June-August 2017**
  - **Expected Launch Date: January, 2021**
  
- **JPSS-2 VIIRS is similar to its two predecessors, with multiple performance enhancements, including:**
  - The redesign of the VisNIR IFA filter to reduce polarization sensitivity, and changes to the AOA fold mirror #2.
  - SWIR and DNB non-linearity issues seen in J1 were eliminated
  - JPSS-2 test program included numerous lessons-learned:
    - Better efficiency and cost reduction (e.g. enhanced stray light testing, shorter crosstalk testing, etc.)

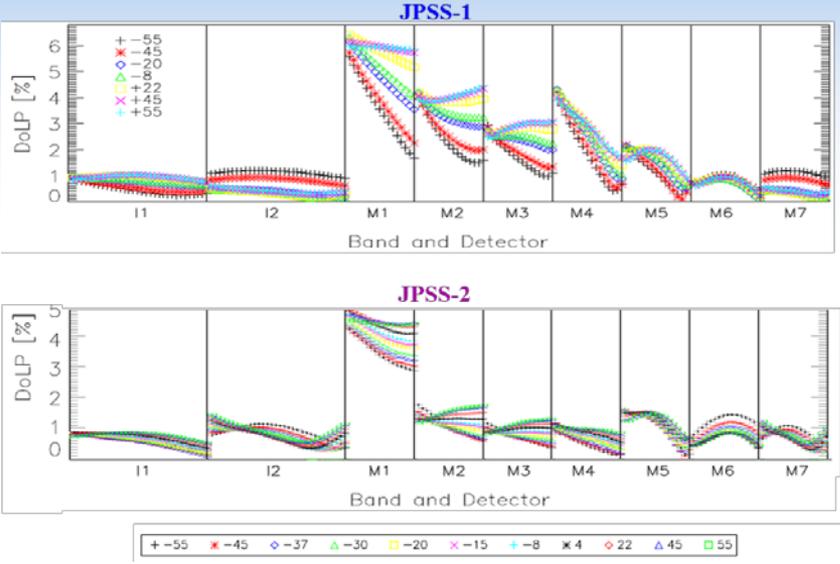


# J2 Radiometric Performance

Preliminary assessments based on Ambient testing



## Polarization

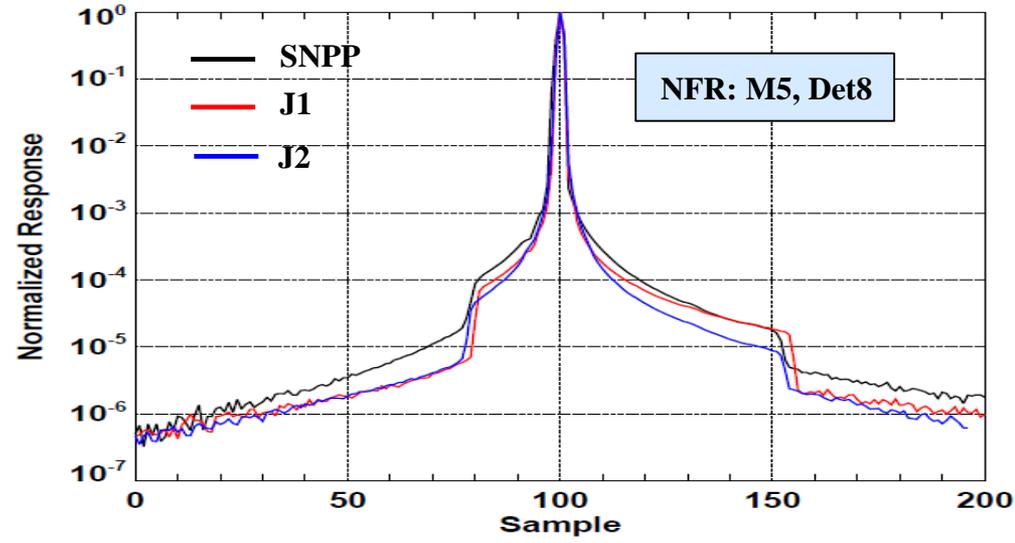


A-Side Elec.

Gain	Band	SNR spec	SNR		Lmax spec	Maximum radiance	
			HAM A	HAM B		HAM A	HAM B
HG	M1	352	732	752	135	164.8	164.8
	M2	380	702	701	127	169.5	169.1
	M3	416	861	851	107	126.1	126.0
	M4	362	683	672	78	98.9	98.9
	M5	242	353	353	59	81.0	81.0
	M6	199	567	571	41	53.4	53.4
	M7	215	654	658	29	37.5	37.4
	M8	74	302	292	164.9	158.2	158.1
	M9	83	177	176	77.1	131.9	131.9
	M10	342	767	749	71.2	98.1	99.0
	M11	90	237	235	31.8	33.1	33.0
LG	I1	119	208	204	718	969.2	969.1
	I2	150	372	372	349	455.6	455.1
	I3	6	200	199	72.5	100.7	100.7
	M1	316	1090	1099	615	508.7	508.7
	M2	409	1124	1128	687	844.3	841.9
	M3	414	1064	1065	702	894.4	894.7
	M4	315	819	851	667	775.2	774.7
M5	360	665	660	651	949.5	949.4	
M7	340	1427	908	349	411.1	410.7	

**J2 radiometry is very good as expected**

**SNR compliance with significant margin**  
**Lmax compliant except for M8 (95%)**  
**Better polarization performance than J1**  
**Near Field Response comparable to J1**





# Summary & Conclusion



- **J1 VIIRS test program was completed successfully**
- **Provided an extensive amount of high quality data to assess sensor performance**
- **VIIRS performance exceeds requirements with few non-compliances**
  - Non-compliances have been reviewed, impacts have been assessed, and mitigation plans are being prepared for on-orbit processing
  - J1 VIIRS spacecraft testing is expected to be completed by September 2016
  - J1 LUTs needed for on-orbit calibration are being finalized.
  - J1 SDR software is ready, changes include DNB Option21 mitigation approach.
- **J2 VIIRS initial ambient testing has shown good performance**
  - Good initial radiometric and spatial performance (i.e. SNR, NFR, polarization, RVS and spatial)
  - J2 VIIRS TV testing will provide complete set of performances.
- **J3/J4 VIIRS contract complete and approved, and sensor parts are being selected from spares or in development,**
  - Taking advantage of lessons learned from previous sensors (i.e. SNPP, J1 and J2)

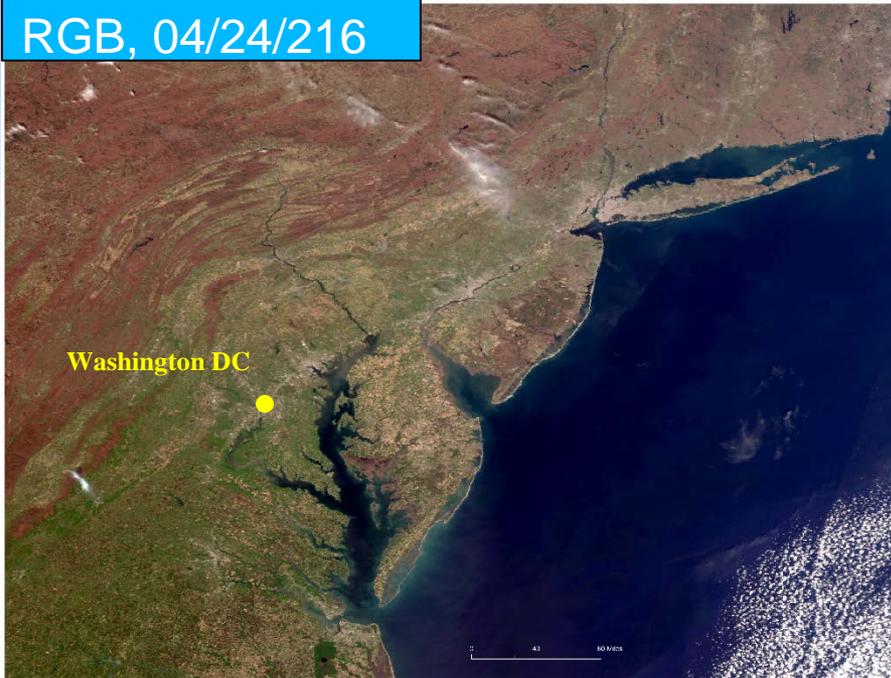


# SNPP VIIRS Imagery

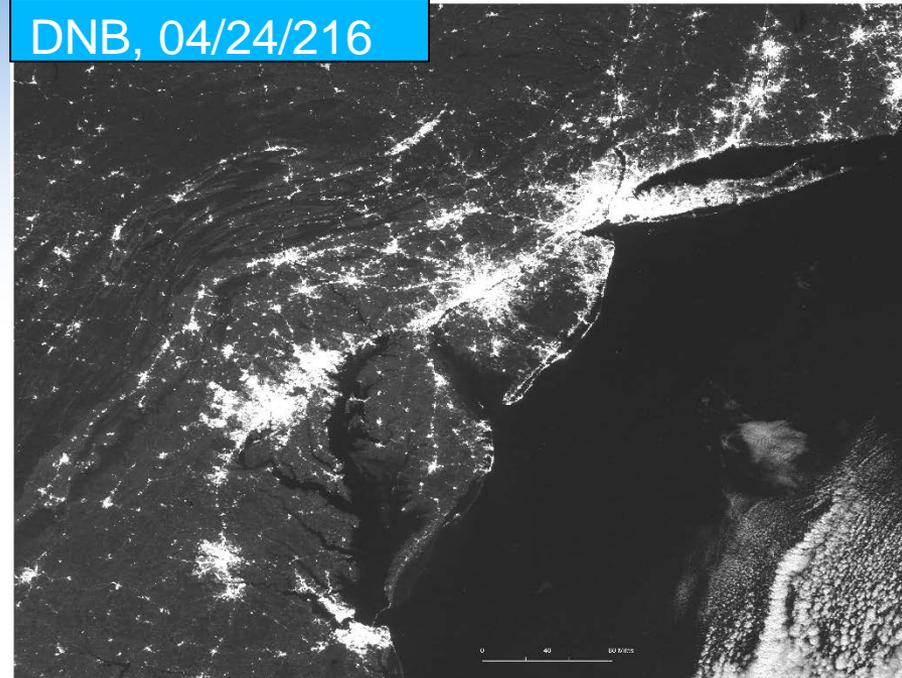
Eastern Seaboard



RGB, 04/24/216



DNB, 04/24/216



Courtesy of NASA SNPP Land SIPS – S. Devadiga & P. Ma

**J1 VIIRS is also expected to deliver high quality radiance and environmental data products**

**Thanks!**



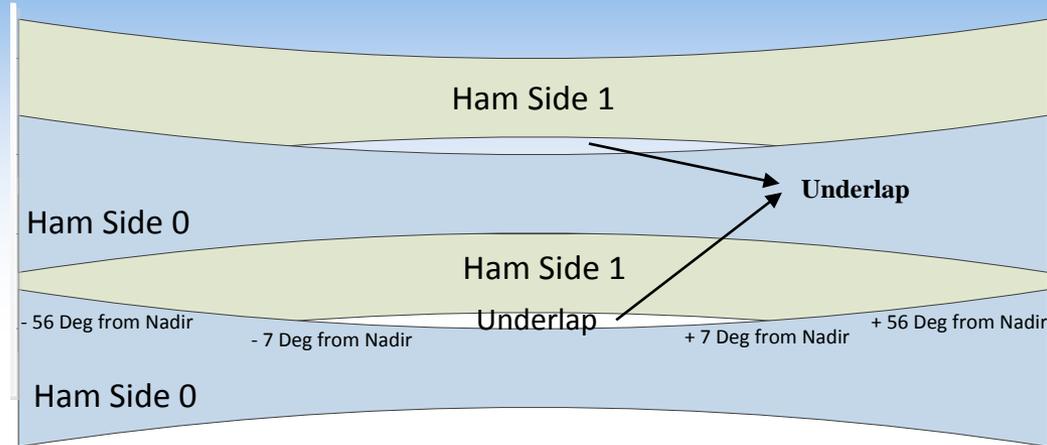
# Backup



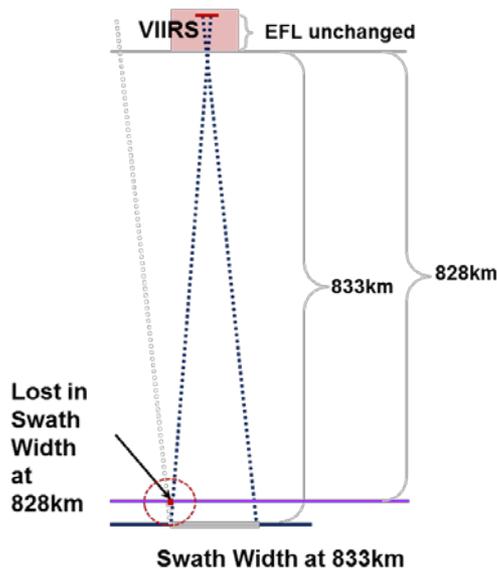
# J2 Scan Underlap Issue



- Underlap is defined as non-overlapping VIIRS swath projections on the ground in track extent
- Underlap will be seen on every other swath pair with current J2 as built tolerances
- Combination of facts led to this Issue,**
  - 1) Requirement change from 833 to 828km,**
  - 2) HAM misalignment exceeded tolerance.**



Graphs from RTN RFB review, not to scale



- Scan Overlap is driven by the following parameters:
  - Altitude** – as altitude gets lower, projection on the ground gets smaller
  - HAM Alignment** – alignment between A & B drives spacing between successive scans on the ground
  - Scan Rate** – matched to EFL for BBR purposes, but drives the number of scans we get in one orbit
  - Orbital velocity** – drives the number of scans we get in one orbit
  - System EFL** – as EFL gets longer, projection on the ground gets smaller
  - Spacecraft Jitter** – moves the LOS randomly between scans

**The ongoing effort to adjust J2 HAM alignment is expected to eliminate this issue**



# J2 VIIRS Performance Testing



- J2 VIIRS Ambient phased is planned for April to September 2016

- Radiometric: *SNR, NEdT, Lmax*
- Spatial: *LSF/MTF, BBR, pointing*
- Spectral: *RSRs using GLAMR (NASA) (In progress)*
- Special testing: *polarization, RVS, NFR, Stray Light, Xtalk.*

Tests in Green means completed

**J2 Ambient Preliminary Performance is as Expected**



# J1 Spectral Performance



## SNPP

## J1

Band	Band center	Bandpass (FWHM)	Lower 1% point	Upper 1% point	MIOOB	Band	Band center	Bandpass (FWHM)	Lower 1% point	Upper 1% point	MIOOB
'M1'	pass	pass	pass	pass	FAIL	'M1'	pass	FAIL	pass	pass	pass
'M2'	pass	FAIL	pass	pass	pass	'M2'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'M3'	pass	pass	pass	pass	FAIL	'M3'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'M4'	FAIL	pass	pass	pass	FAIL	'M4'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'I1'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	'I1'	pass	pass	Pass	pass	pass
'M5'	pass	pass	pass	pass	FAIL	'M5'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'M6'	pass	pass	pass	pass	FAIL	'M6'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'I2'	pass	pass	pass	pass	FAIL	'I2'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'M7'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	'M7'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'M8'	pass	FAIL	pass	pass	pass	'M8'	pass	FAIL	pass	pass	pass
'M9'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	'M9'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'I3'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	'I3'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'M10'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	'M10'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'M11'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	'M11'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'I4'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	'I4'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'M12'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	'M12'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'M13'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	'M13'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'M14'	pass	FAIL	pass	pass	FAIL*	'M14'	pass	FAIL	pass	pass	pass
'M15'	pass	pass	pass	pass	FAIL*	'M15'	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass
'I5'	pass	pass	pass	FAIL	FAIL*	'I5'	pass	pass	pass	FAIL	pass
'M16A'	FAIL	pass	pass	pass	FAIL*	'M16A'	FAIL	pass	pass	pass	pass
'M16B'	FAIL	pass	pass	pass	FAIL*	'M16B'	FAIL	pass	pass	pass	pass
DNBLGS	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass	DNBLGS	pass	pass	pass	pass	pass

- J1 RSR showing good performance as expected. Minor non-compliances are small risk
- J1 RSR version 2 (V2) was released to the science community in February, 2016

\*High noise floor in LWIR out-of-band response test



# Stray Light Response (SLR) Performance

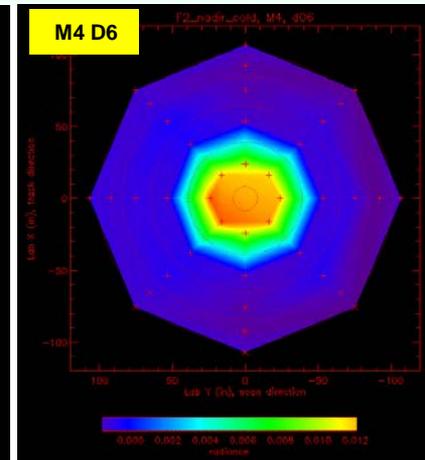
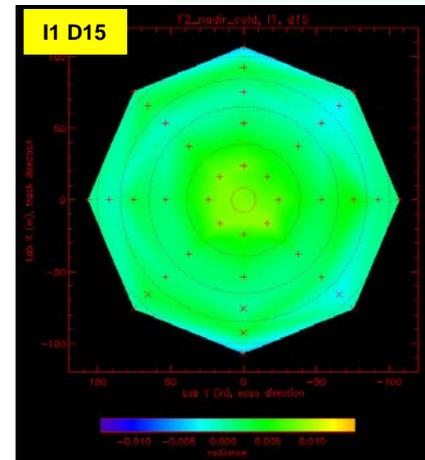
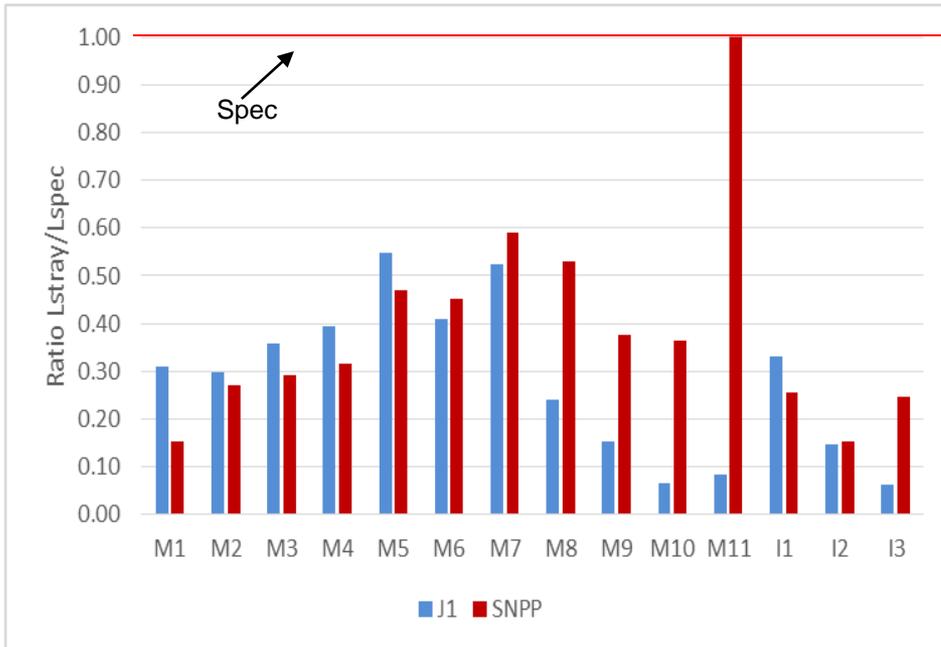
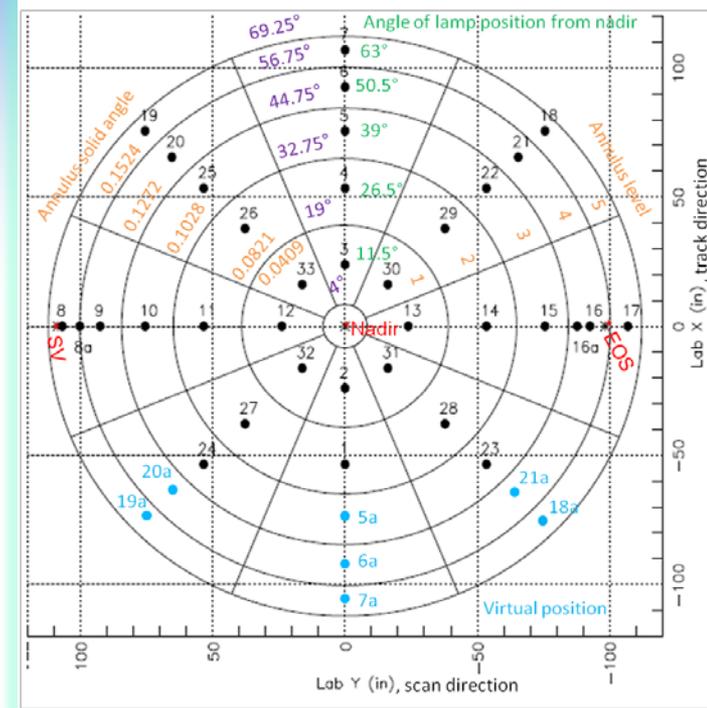


J1 SLR performance is comparable to SNPP. The right hand side shows a couple of examples (out of 336) of simulated views from detectors.

**All RSB detectors meet SLR specification at Beginning of Life (BOL) (plot below).**

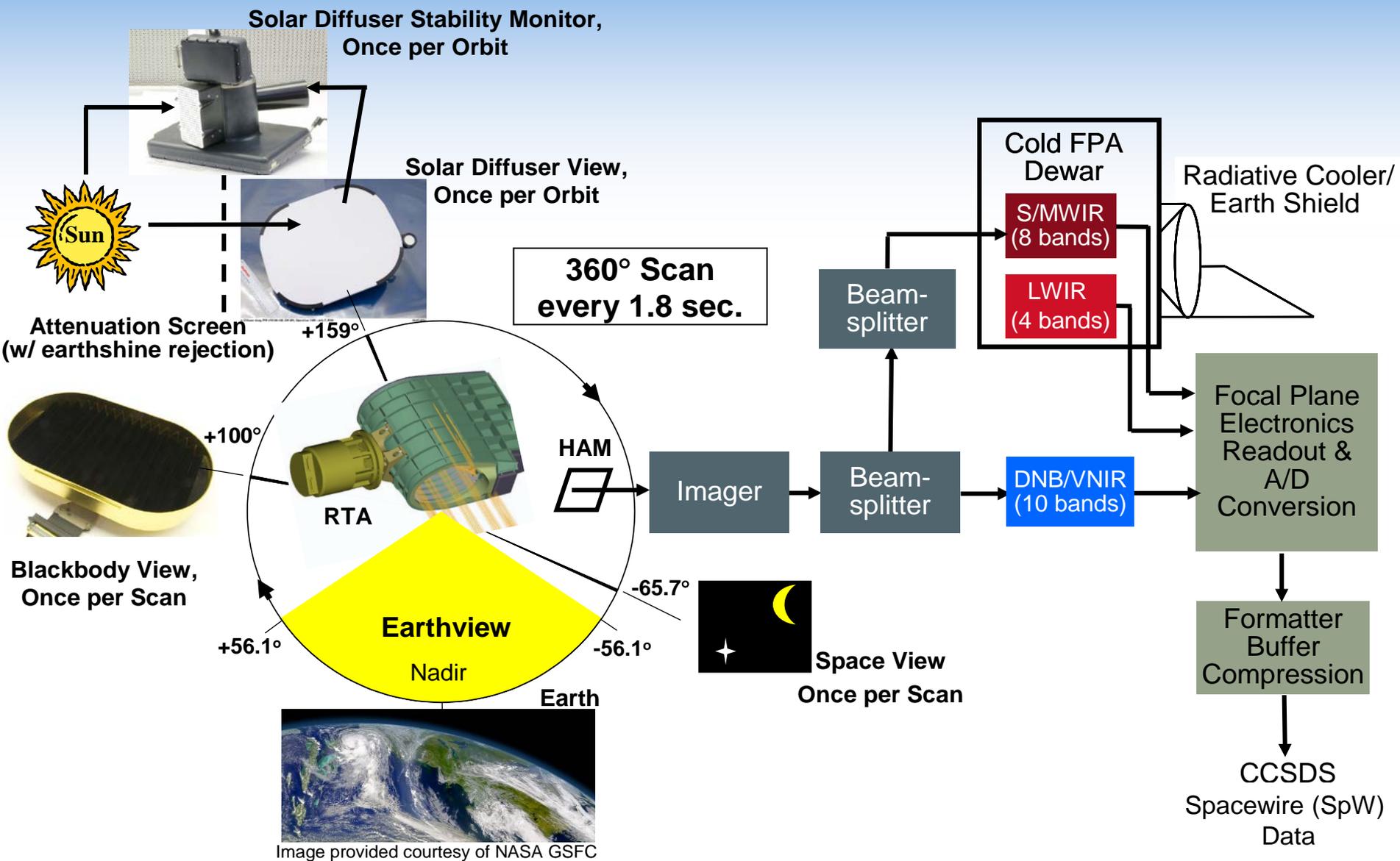
Bands M5 and M7 are predicted to fail Spec at the End of Life (EOL), while M6 will become marginal.

Lamp position chart





# VIIRS Operation & Data Flow

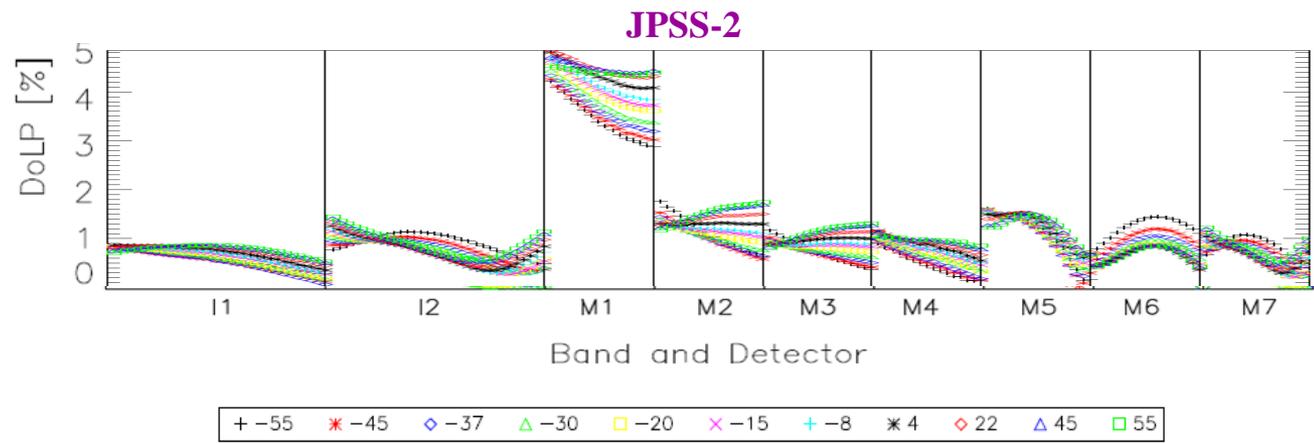
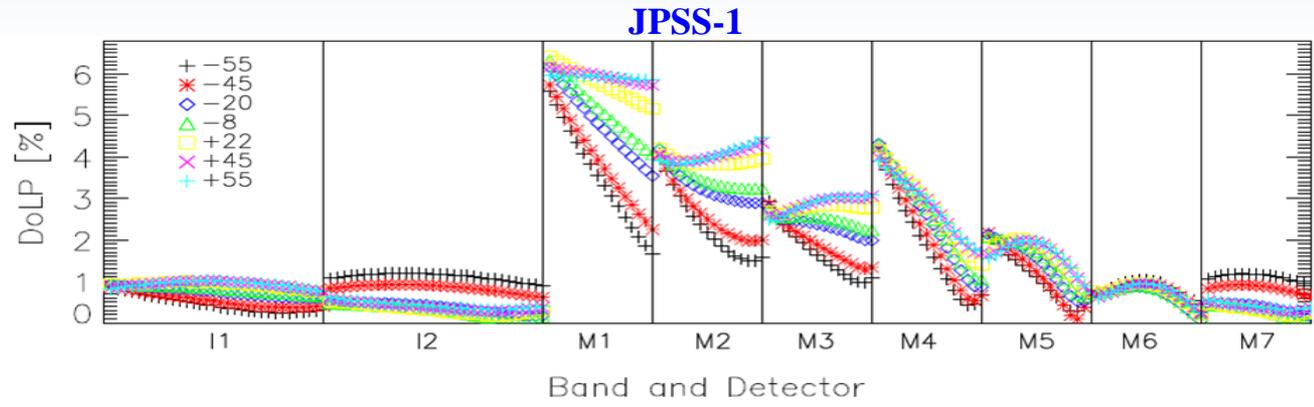




# J2 Polarization Performance



- **JPSS-1 has shown non-compliance for 4 bands, M1-M4**
  - Root cause understood, a combination of filter and Dichroic effect
- **JPSS-2 has shown non-compliance for one band: M1**
  - Filter redesigned, but improved performance for on M2-M4, not M1

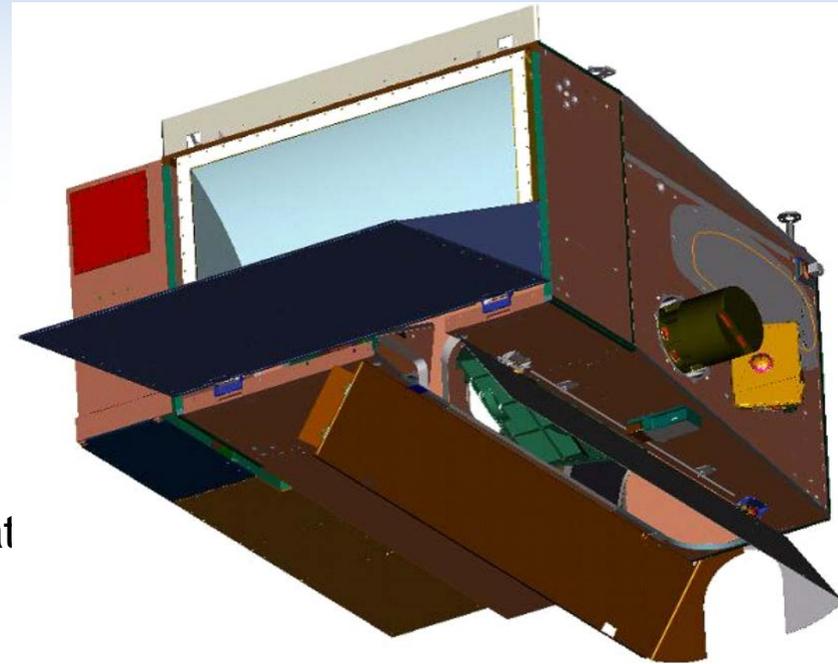




# VIIRS Flight Units



- 1<sup>st</sup> Flight Unit (S-NPP) – On-Orbit
  - Integrated onto BATC Spacecraft
  - Sumoi NPP (S-NPP) Satellite Mission
  - Launched October 2011
  - Delta-2 Rocket from Vandenberg AFB
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Flight Unit (J1) – Integrated to Bus
  - JPSS-1 Satellite Mission
  - Launch Date January 2017
  - Delta-2 Rocket from Vandenberg AFB
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Flight Unit (J2) – Subassembly Integrat
  - Currently at Component/Sub-System build
  - JPSS-2 Satellite Mission
  - Spacecraft built by Orbital
  - Launch Vehicle TBD





# VisNIR Polarization Factor (%)

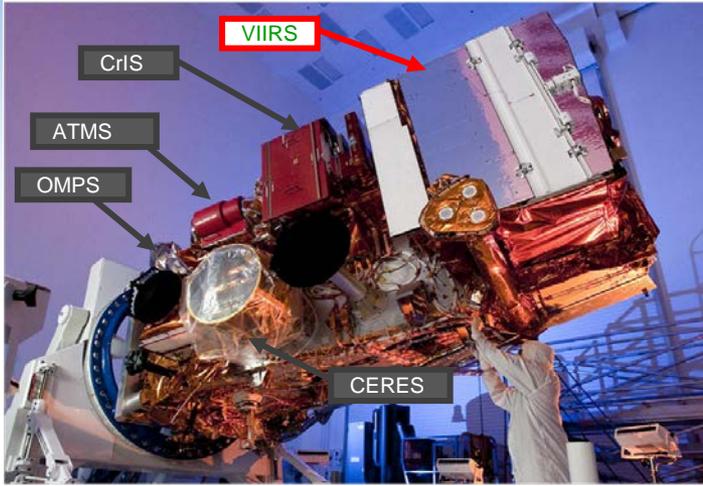


Band	Sensor	Scan Angle											Max Pol.	Spec
		-55	-45	-37	-30	-22	-15	-8	4	20	45	55		
I1	SNPP	1.5	1.24	~	~	0.93	~	0.85	~	0.7	0.64	0.62	<b>1.24</b>	2.5
	J1	0.81	0.74	0.75	0.73	0.73	0.79	0.76	0.8	0.82	0.85	0.85	<b>0.85</b>	2.5
I2	SNPP	0.29	0.27	~	~	0.34	~	0.37	~	0.47	0.51	0.51	<b>0.51</b>	3
	J1	0.73	0.62	0.54	0.47	0.36	0.37	0.37	0.43	0.5	0.61	0.66	<b>0.62</b>	3
M1	SNPP	2.99	2.63	~	~	1.95	~	1.79	~	1.42	1.21	1.4	<b>2.63</b>	3
	J1	5.13	<b>5.26</b>	<b>5.35</b>	<b>5.52</b>	<b>5.54</b>	<b>5.56</b>	<b>5.65</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>5.66</b>	<b>5.51</b>	<b>5.37</b>	<b>5.7</b>	3
M2	SNPP	2.11	1.97	~	~	1.63	~	1.53	~	1.28	1.17	1.29	<b>1.97</b>	2.5
	J1	3.72	<b>3.79</b>	<b>3.85</b>	<b>3.95</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>3.89</b>	<b>3.94</b>	<b>3.95</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>3.99</b>	<b>4.04</b>	<b>3.99</b>	2.5
M3	SNPP	1.2	1.14	~	~	0.9	~	0.82	~	0.61	0.7	0.8	<b>1.14</b>	2.5
	J1	2.89	<b>2.85</b>	<b>2.83</b>	<b>2.85</b>	<b>2.73</b>	<b>2.69</b>	<b>2.68</b>	<b>2.63</b>	<b>2.62</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>2.84</b>	<b>2.85</b>	2.5
M4	SNPP	1.05	1.1	~	~	1.19	~	1.16	~	1	0.88	0.84	<b>1.19</b>	2.5
	J1	3.61	<b>3.9</b>	<b>4.08</b>	<b>4.16</b>	<b>4.17</b>	<b>4.22</b>	<b>4.18</b>	<b>4.18</b>	<b>4.04</b>	<b>3.89</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>4.22</b>	2.5
M5	SNPP	1.19	1.02	~	~	0.85	~	0.84	~	0.76	0.73	0.69	<b>1.02</b>	2.5
	J1	1.9	1.86	1.9	1.86	1.82	1.85	1.79	1.83	1.81	1.8	1.8	<b>1.9</b>	2.5
M6	SNPP	0.99	0.96	~	~	0.94	~	0.94	~	0.88	0.82	0.76	<b>0.96</b>	2.5
	J1	1.62	1.32	1.13	0.99	0.86	0.85	0.79	0.75	0.73	0.75	0.76	<b>1.32</b>	2.5
M7	SNPP	0.17	0.19	~	~	0.25	~	0.28	~	0.38	0.42	0.41	<b>0.42</b>	3
	J1	0.73	0.62	0.54	0.46	0.36	0.36	0.32	0.39	0.45	0.55	0.6	<b>0.62</b>	3

- **Polarization using Broadband source was of high quality**
  - Uncertainty less than (0.4%), Repeatability within 0.13%
- **Polarization using Spectral source (T-SIRCUS): M1 and M4**
  - Agreement between Broadband and Spectral to within ~0.3 %
- **General agreement for high quality polarization testing**



# VIIRS Integrate on J1 Spacecraft



- ✓ J1 VIIRS is the follow on sensor after SNPP VIIRS
- ✓ J1 VIIRS completed successfully its sensor level testing program
- ✓ Sensor Shipped from Raytheon to Ball (spacecraft) on 2/6/15
- ✓ Sensor installed on spacecraft on 2/20/15
- ✓ J1 VIIRS completed its initial ambient testing on 03/17/2015.
  - J1 VIIRS TV testing (as-you-fly), expected June 2016.
  - J1 VIIRS Launch Janaury 2017

*J1 VIIRS Sensor Integration to Spacecraft and Initial Performance Trending were Completed Successfully*



# TEB Radiometric Performance



**Absolute Radiometric Uncertainty (ARD): Nominal**

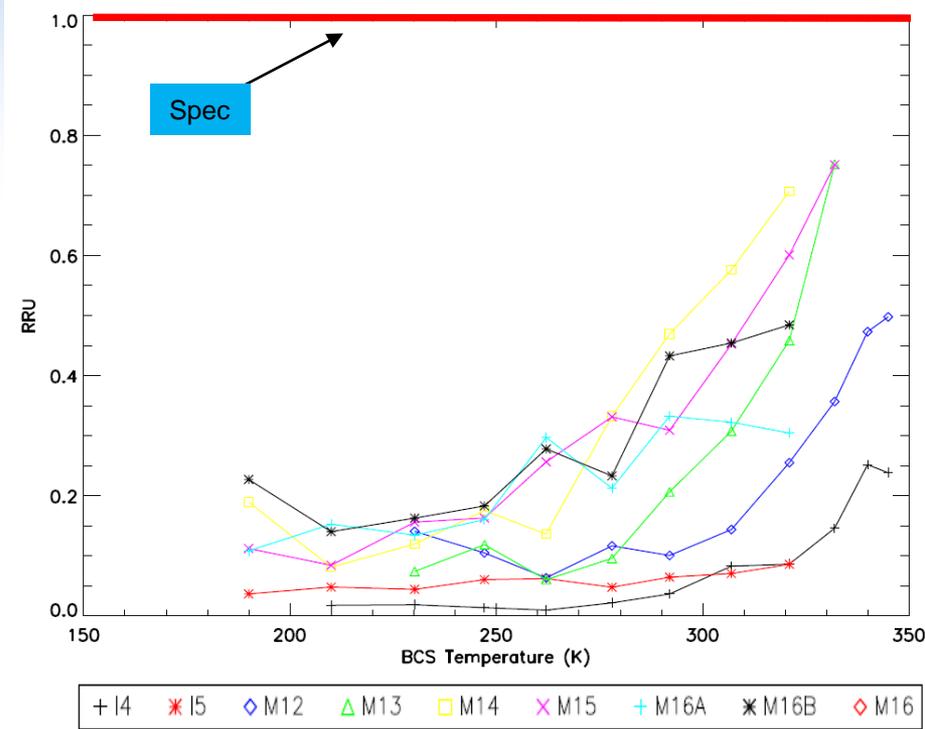
**Uniformity – Det. Striping Nominal**

ARD Performance (%)								
Temp (K)	I4	I5	M12	M13	M14	M15	M16A	M16B
190	~	~	~	~	0.68	0.29	0.17	0.25
230	~	~	7.60	2.95	0.11	0.07	0.08	0.04
267	0.48	0.10	~	~	~	~	~	~
270	~	~	0.24	0.15	0.08	0.05	0.04	0.04
310	~	~	0.25	0.17	0.11	0.06	0.03	0.04
340	~	~	0.27	0.18	0.09	0.05	0.03	0.03

ARD Specification (%)								
Temp (K)	I4	I5	M12	M13	M14	M15	M16A	M16B
190	~	~	~	~	12.30	2.10	1.60	1.60
230	~	~	7.00	5.70	2.40	0.60	0.60	0.60
267	5.00	2.50	~	~	~	~	~	~
270	~	~	0.70	0.70	0.60	0.40	0.40	0.40
310	~	~	0.70	0.70	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
340	~	~	0.70	0.70	0.50	0.40	0.40	0.40

**J1 ARD requirements met with margins**



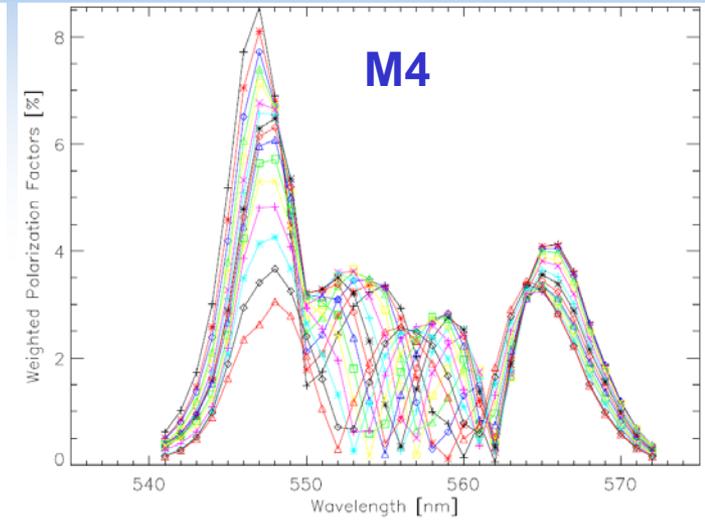
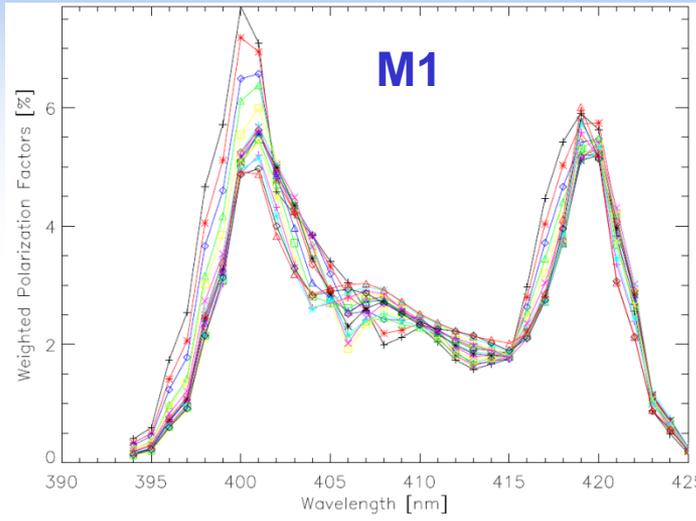
- J1 TEB calibration shows very good performance for ARD and uniformity (striping).
  - ARD is below ~0.3 % except at low temperatures for the MWIR (as expected).
  - Detector-to-detector uniformity shows some small potential for striping at high temperatures in bands M12 – M14 (similar to SNPP).



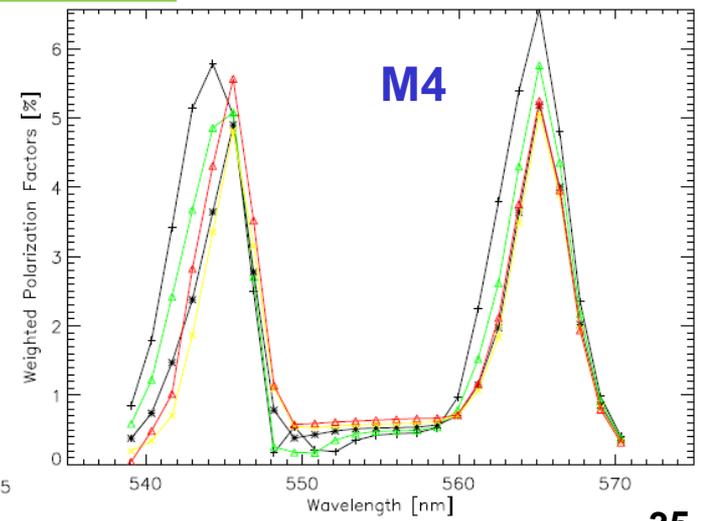
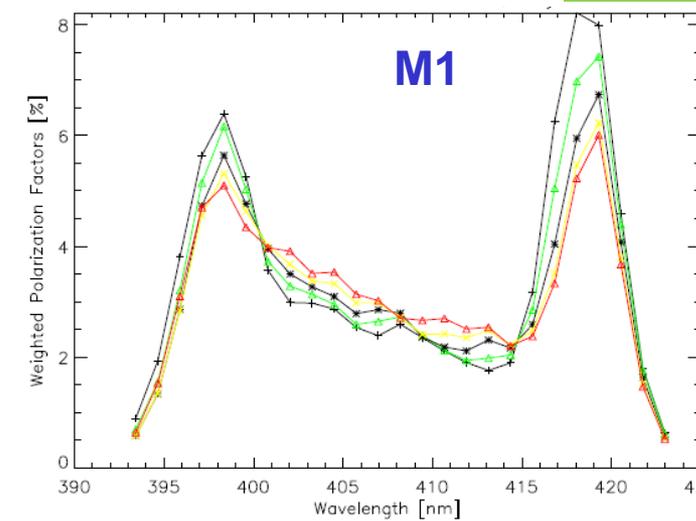
# T-SIRCUS Polarization Measurements



## Measurement



## FRED model



T-SIRCUS polarization measurements were performed in December 2014.

Limited number of measurements made in terms of scan angle, HAM side, and wavelength.

**FRED model data compared to measurement results:**

- 1) Good agreement on general shape of wavelength dependence
- 2) Largest contributor to the polarization sensitivity comes from the edges of the bandpass
- 3) Some phase shifts in the center of M4 bandpass unexplained by model